

FEZA, Sofia, BG
06-07-2017

Characterization of zeolites using powder diffraction: framework structures, heteroatoms, OSDAs

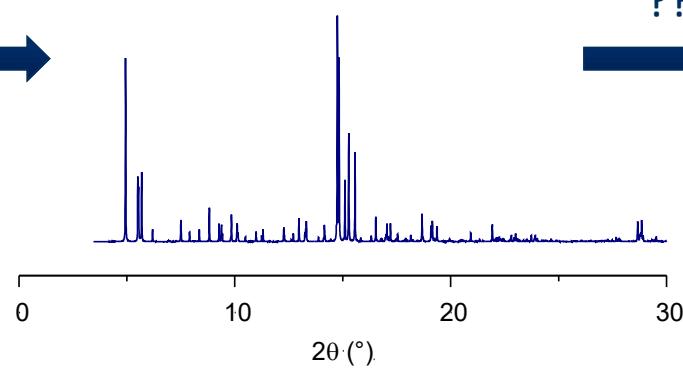
Stef Smeets
Stockholm University, Sweden



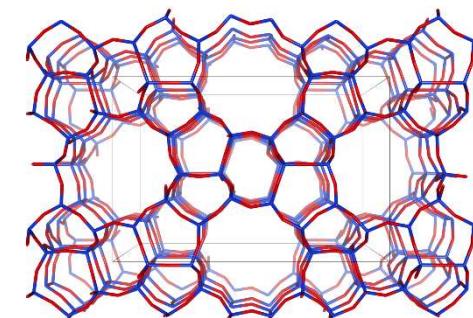
X-ray Powder Diffraction



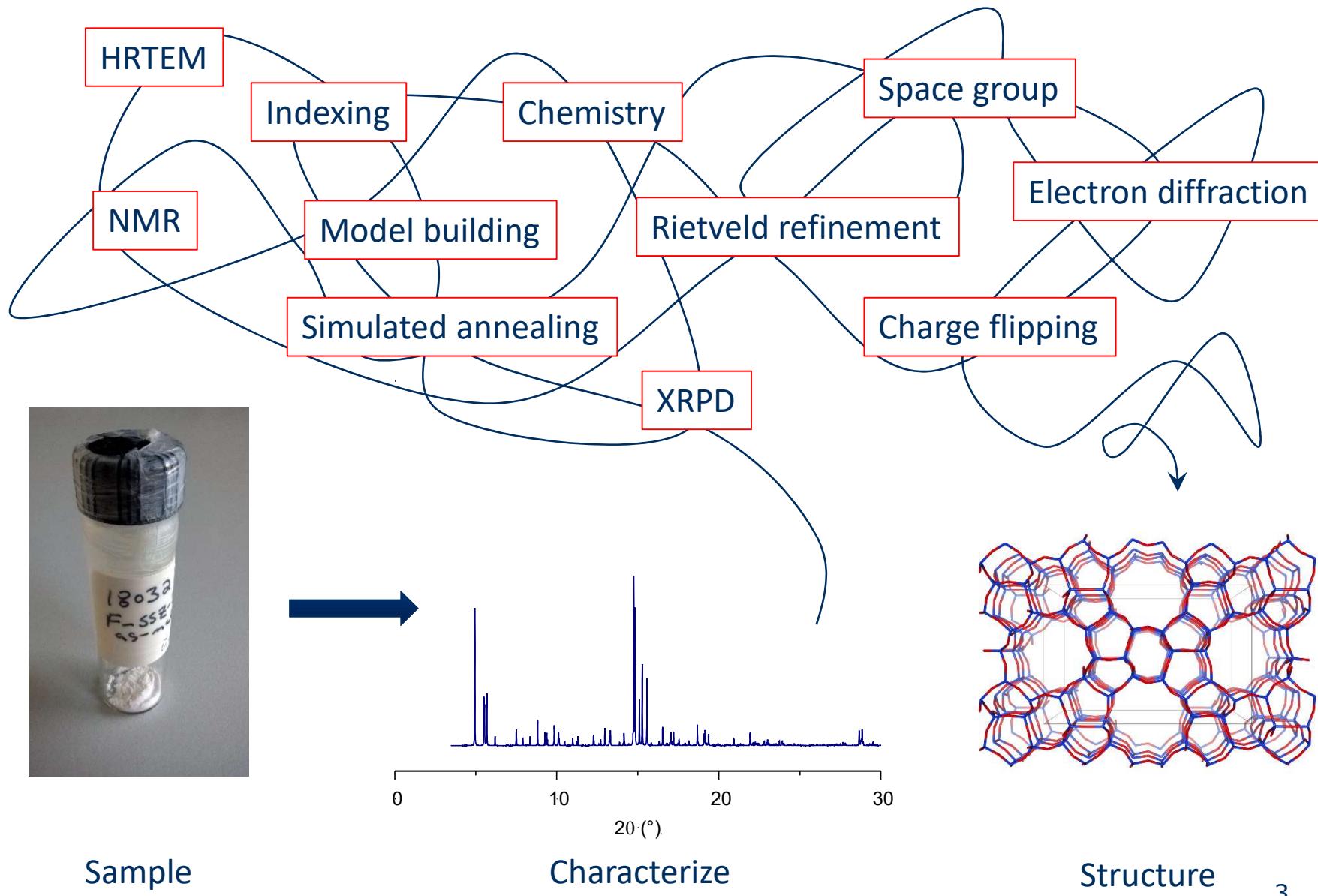
Prepare



Measure



Characterize



Outline

- Structure of SSZ-70
 - Layered, disordered zeolite related to **MWW**
 - Promising catalytic properties
- Structure of SSZ-87
 - Medium-pore zeolite
 - Characteristics of a large pore one
- Serial electron diffraction
 - New method for data collection

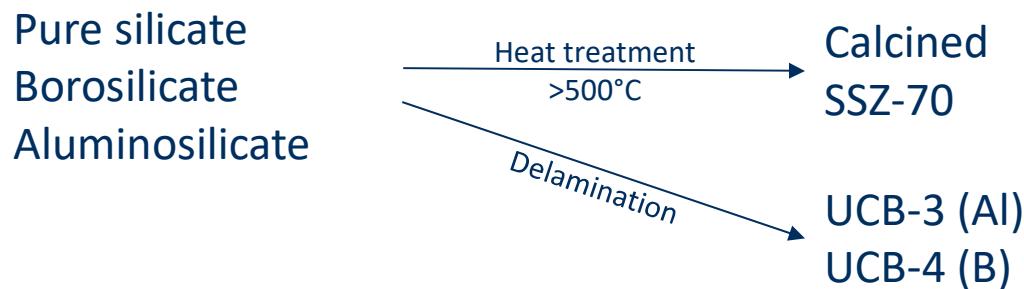
SSZ-70

S. Smeets, Z. J. Berkson, D. Xie, S. I. Zones, W. Wan, X. Zou,
M.-F. Hsieh, B. F. Chmelka, L. B. McCusker, C. Baerlocher,
In manuscript.

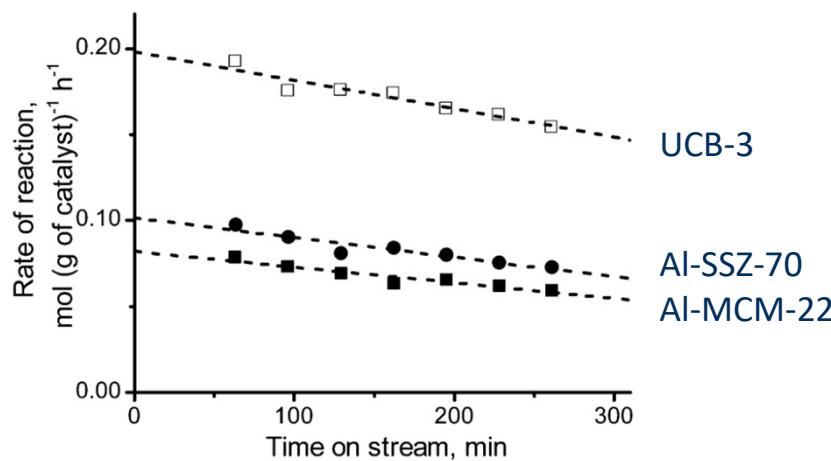
Zeolite SSZ-70

Stacey Zones and Alan Burton,
US Patent 7,108,843 B2, 2006

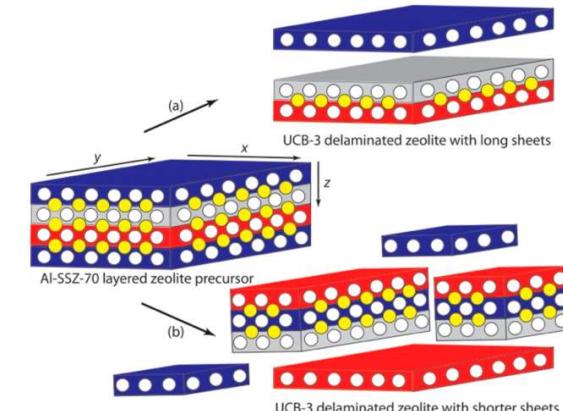
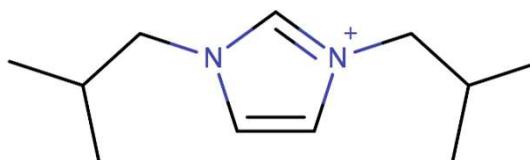
Molecular sieve SSZ-70 composition of matter and synthesis thereof



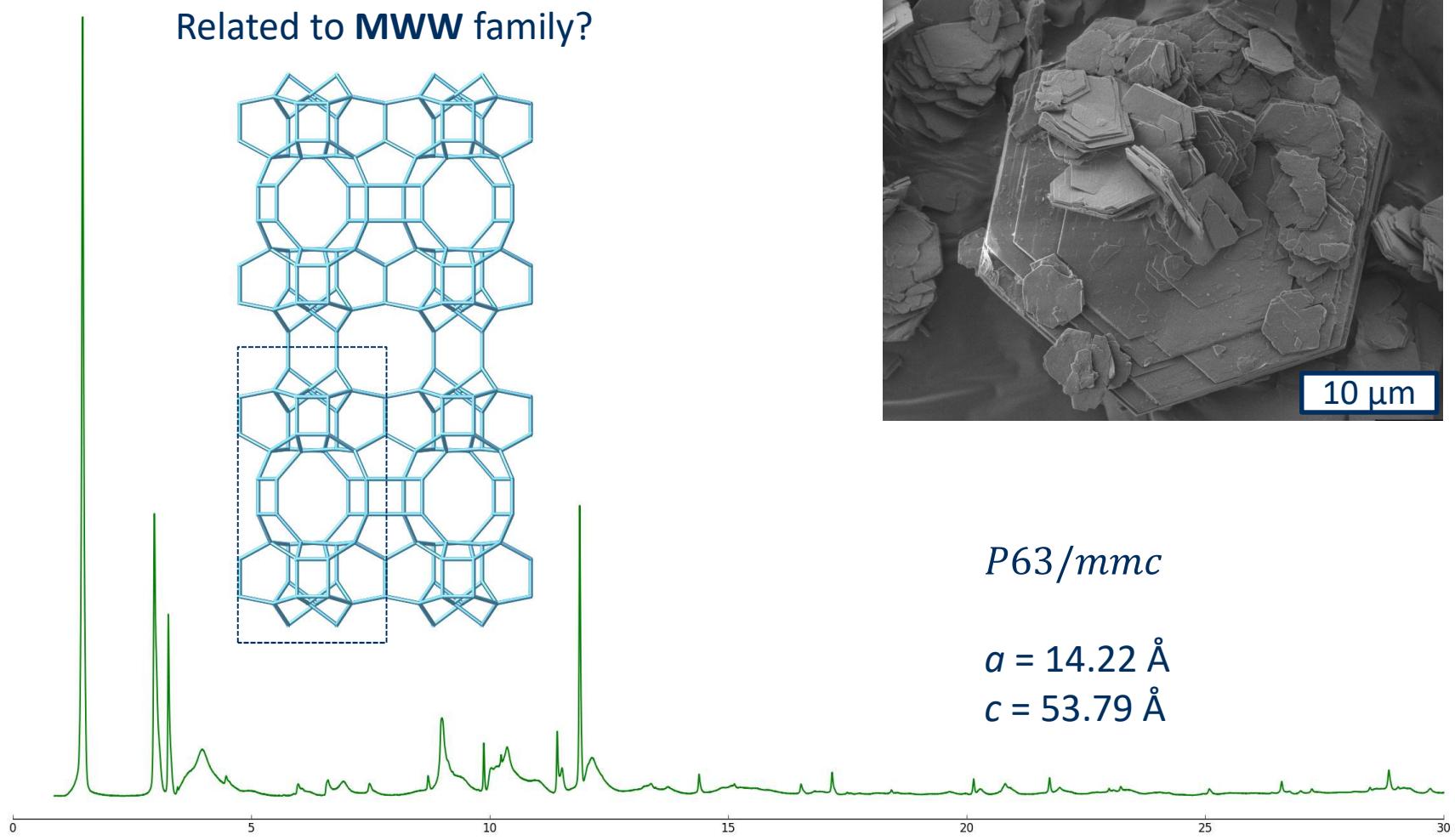
Catalysis: aromatic alkylation



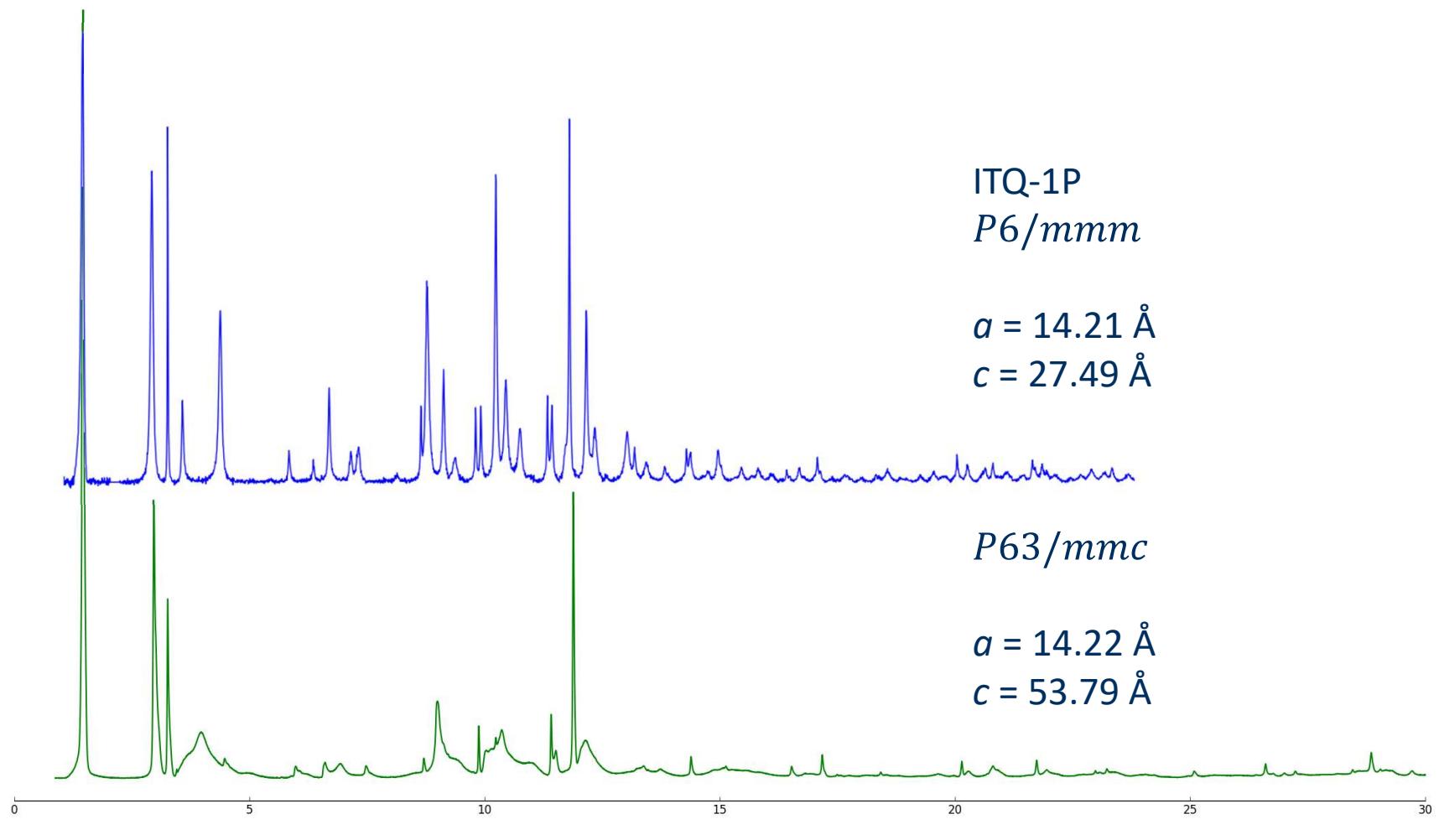
Structure-directing agent



As-made Si-SSZ-70

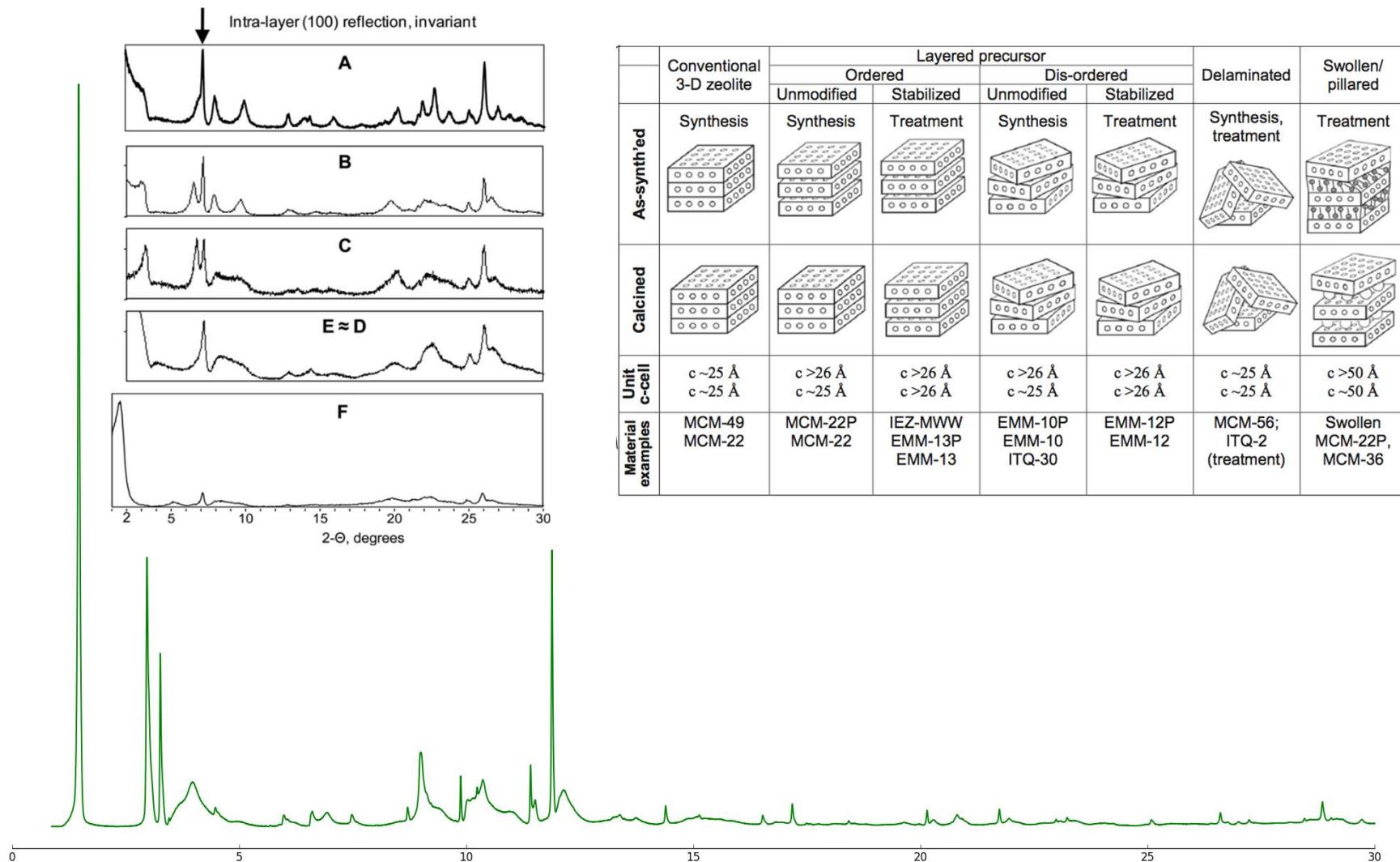


As-made Si-SSZ-70



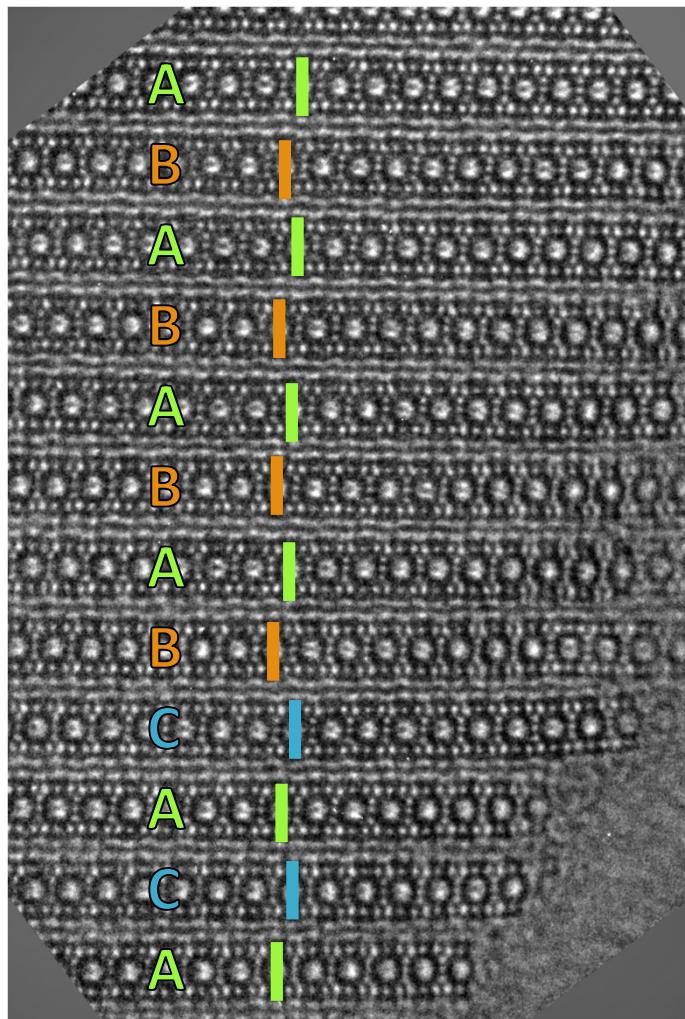
ITQ-1P: Njo, *PhD thesis, TU Delft, NL* (1998)

As-made Si-SSZ-70

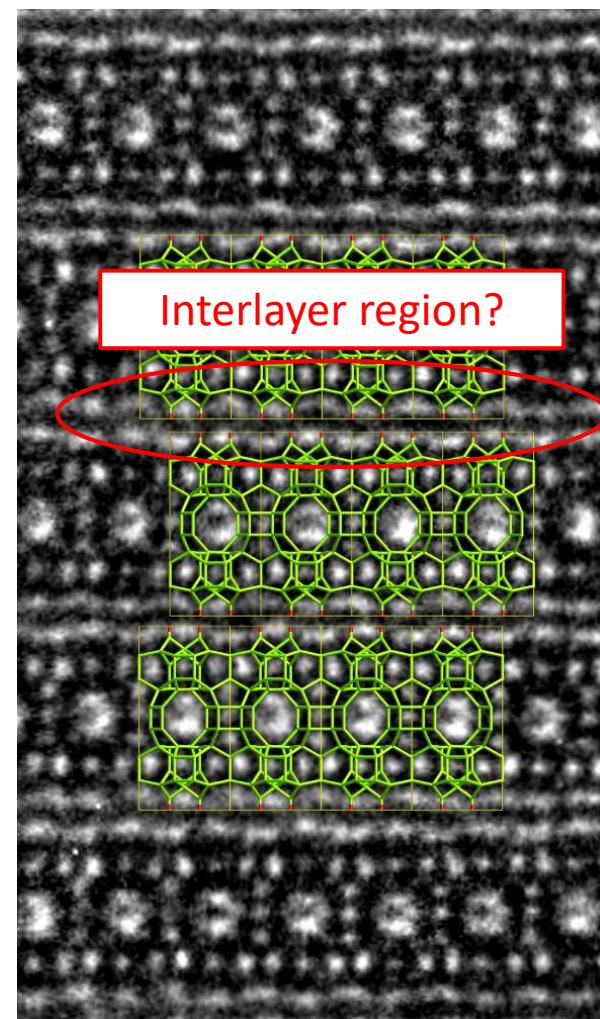


HRTEM

Stacking disorder along [001]

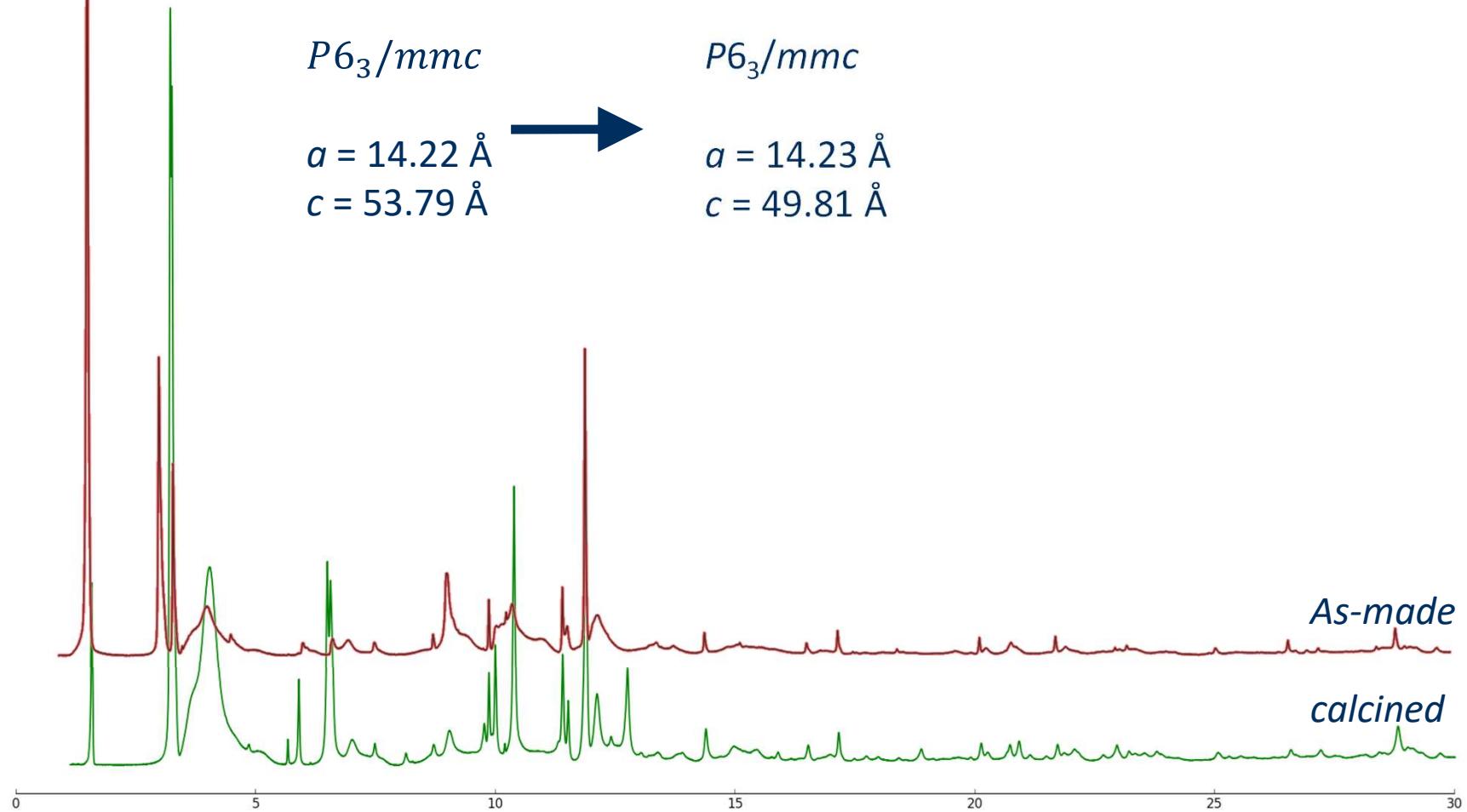


MWW-layers



Collected by Wei Wan, Stockholm University, SE

Calcined Si-SSZ-70

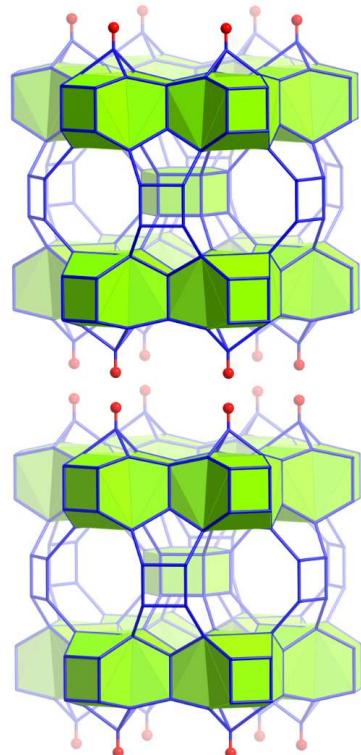


ITQ-1 (MWW)

$P6/mmm$

$a = 14.21 \text{ \AA}$

$c = 27.49 \text{ \AA}$



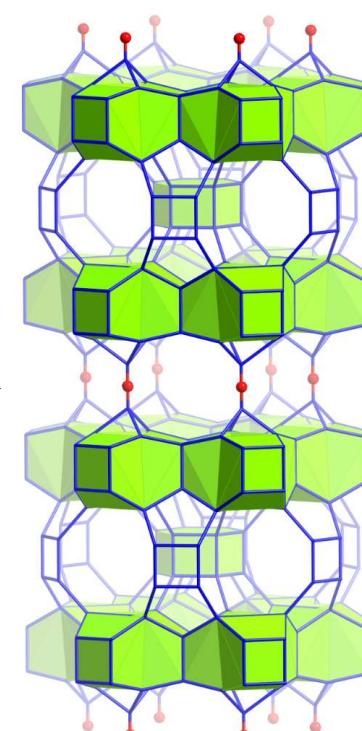
ITQ-1P

Njo, *PhD thesis, TU Delft (1998)*

$P6/mmm$

$a = 14.21 \text{ \AA}$

$c = 24.94 \text{ \AA}$



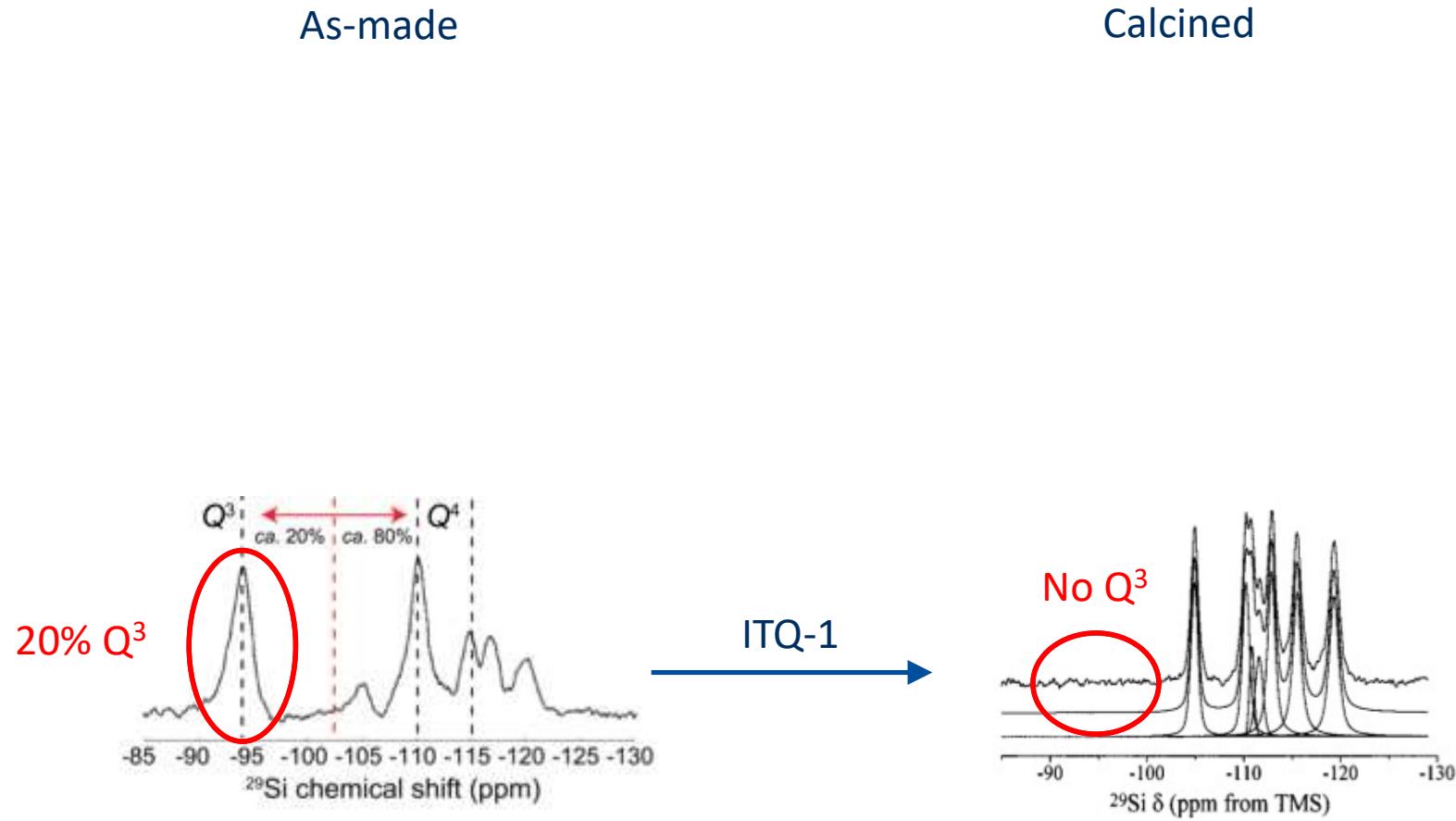
ITQ-1

Camblor *et al.*, *J. Phys. Chem. B*, **102**, 44 (1998)

Condenses
upon calcination



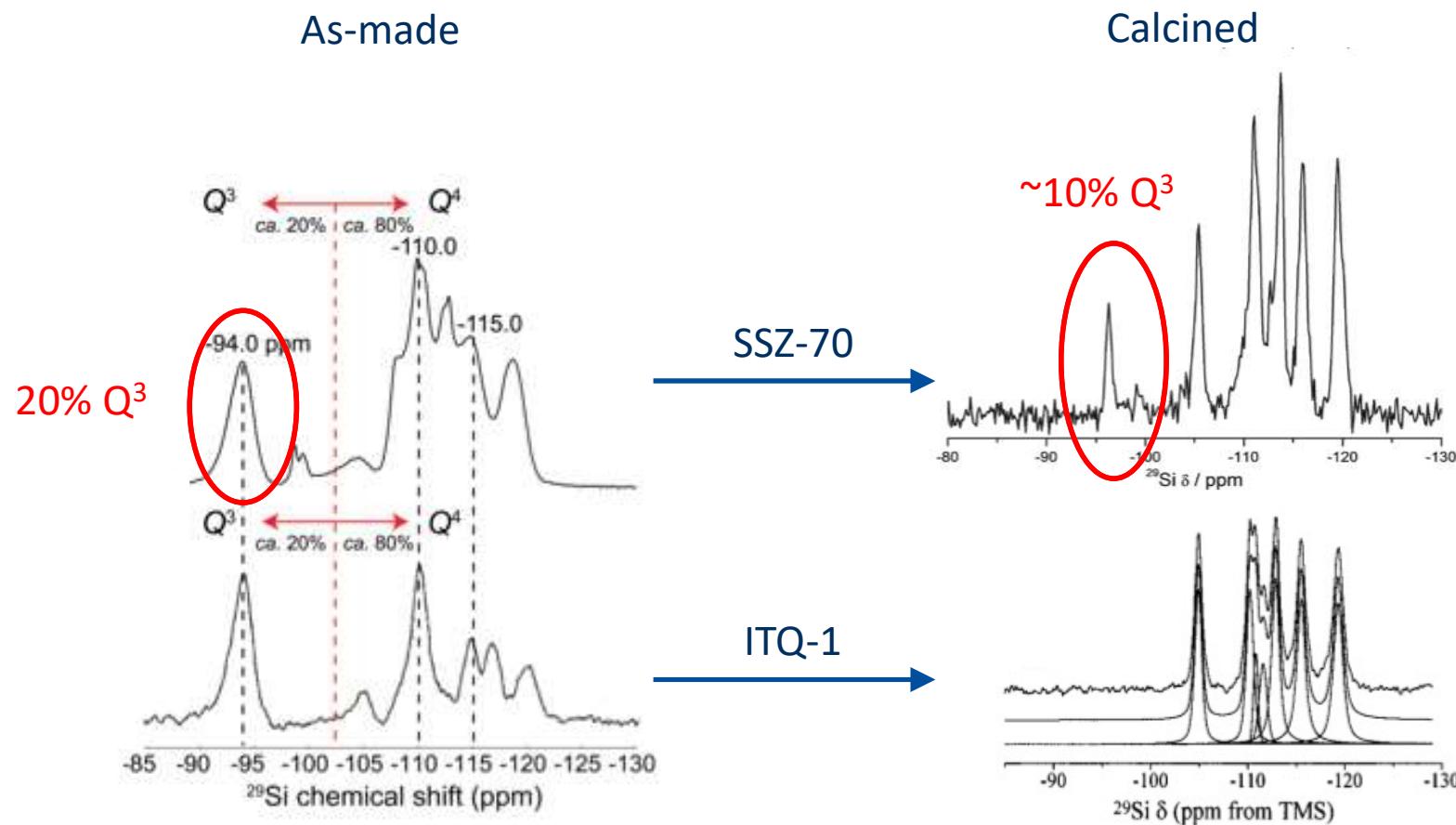
Solid-state ^{29}Si MAS NMR



Hsieh, Aronson and Chmelka (2014)

Archer *et al.*, *Micropor. Mesopor. Mat.*, **130**, 255 (2010)
Camblor *et al.*, *J. Phys. Chem. B*, **102**, 44 (1998)

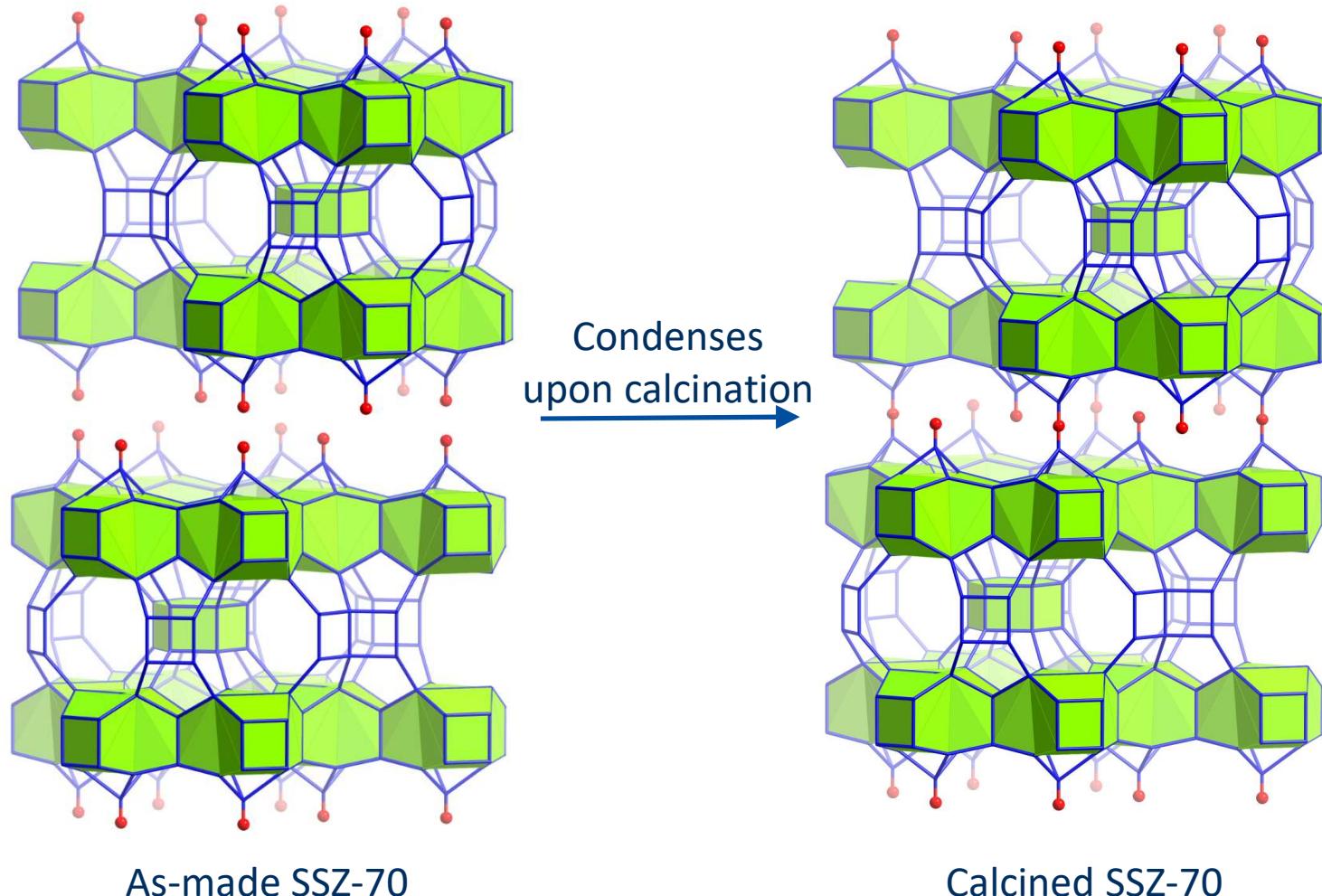
Solid-state ^{29}Si MAS NMR



Hsieh, Aronson and Chmelka (2014)

Archer *et al.*, *Micropor. Mesopor. Mat.*, **130**, 255 (2010)
Camblor *et al.*, *J. Phys. Chem. B*, **102**, 44 (1998)

Model for SSZ-70



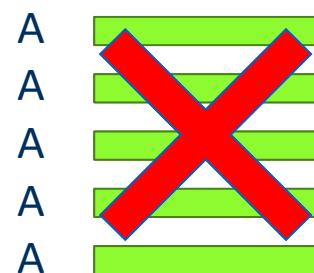
Disorder model

Random arrangement of MWW layers
Model with DiFFaX

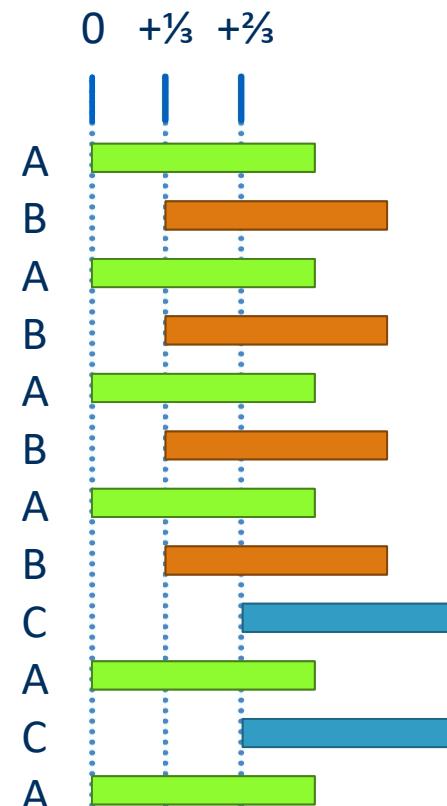
$$P(A \rightarrow A) = 0\%$$

$$P(A \rightarrow B) = 50\%$$

$$P(A \rightarrow C) = 50\%$$

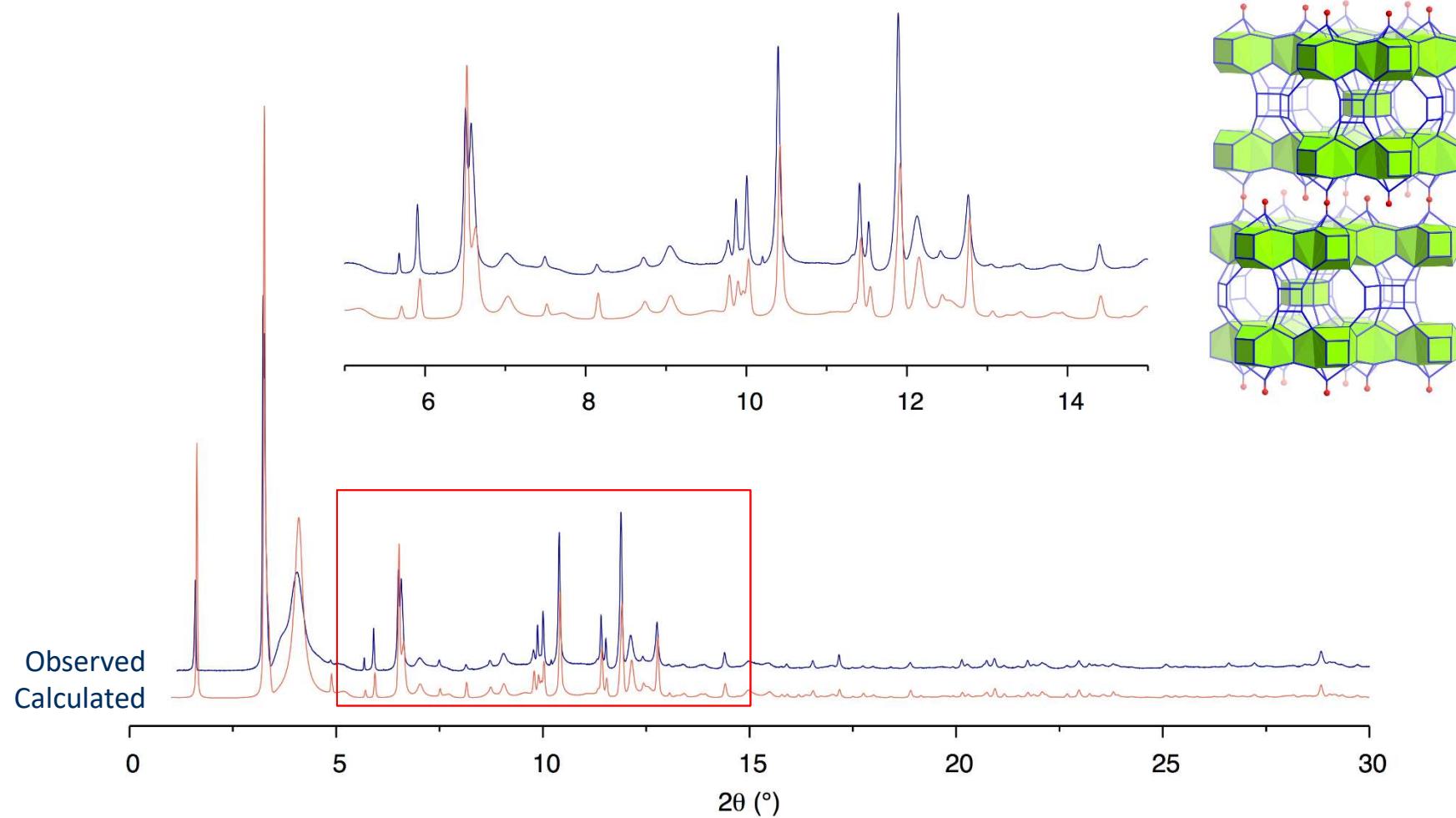


ITQ-1

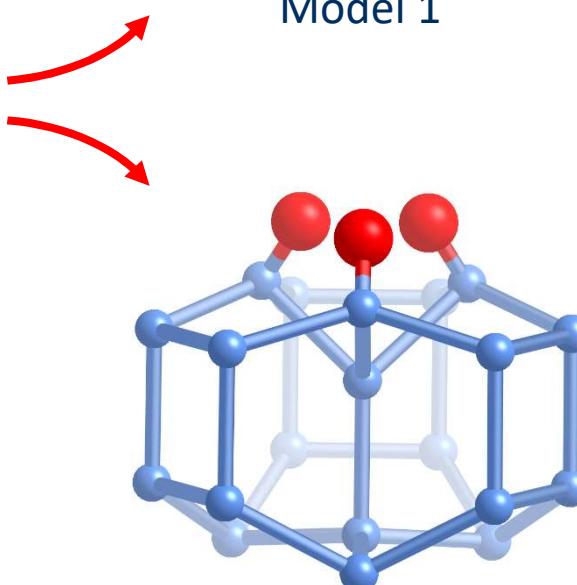
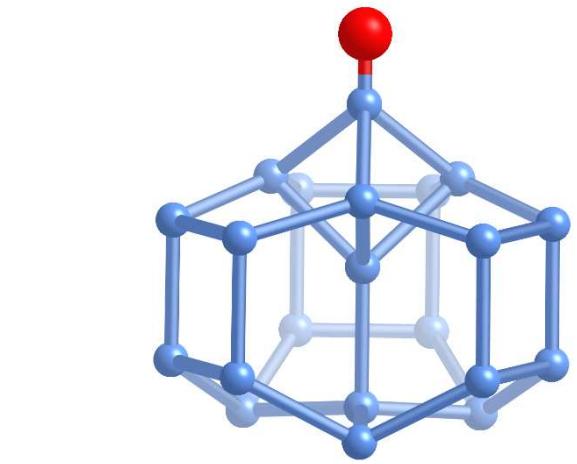
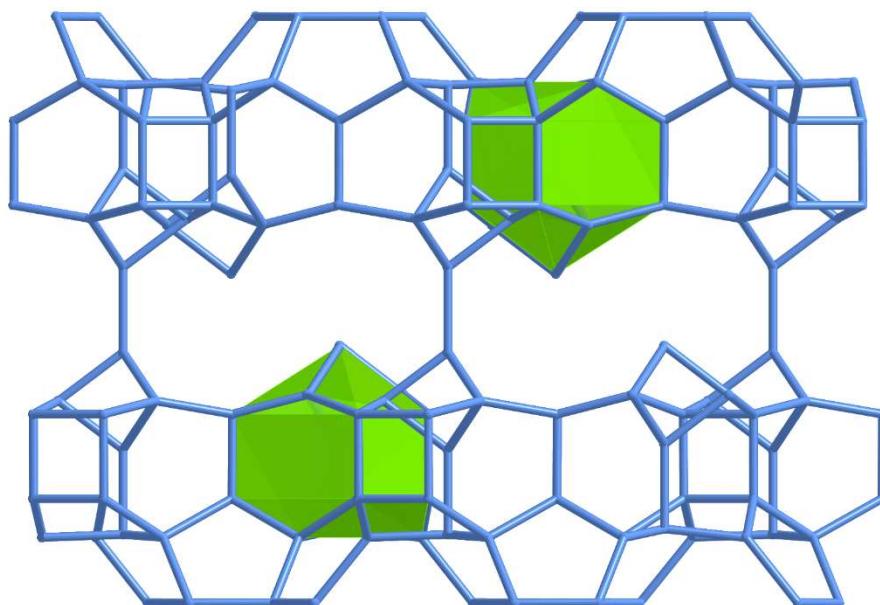


SSZ-70

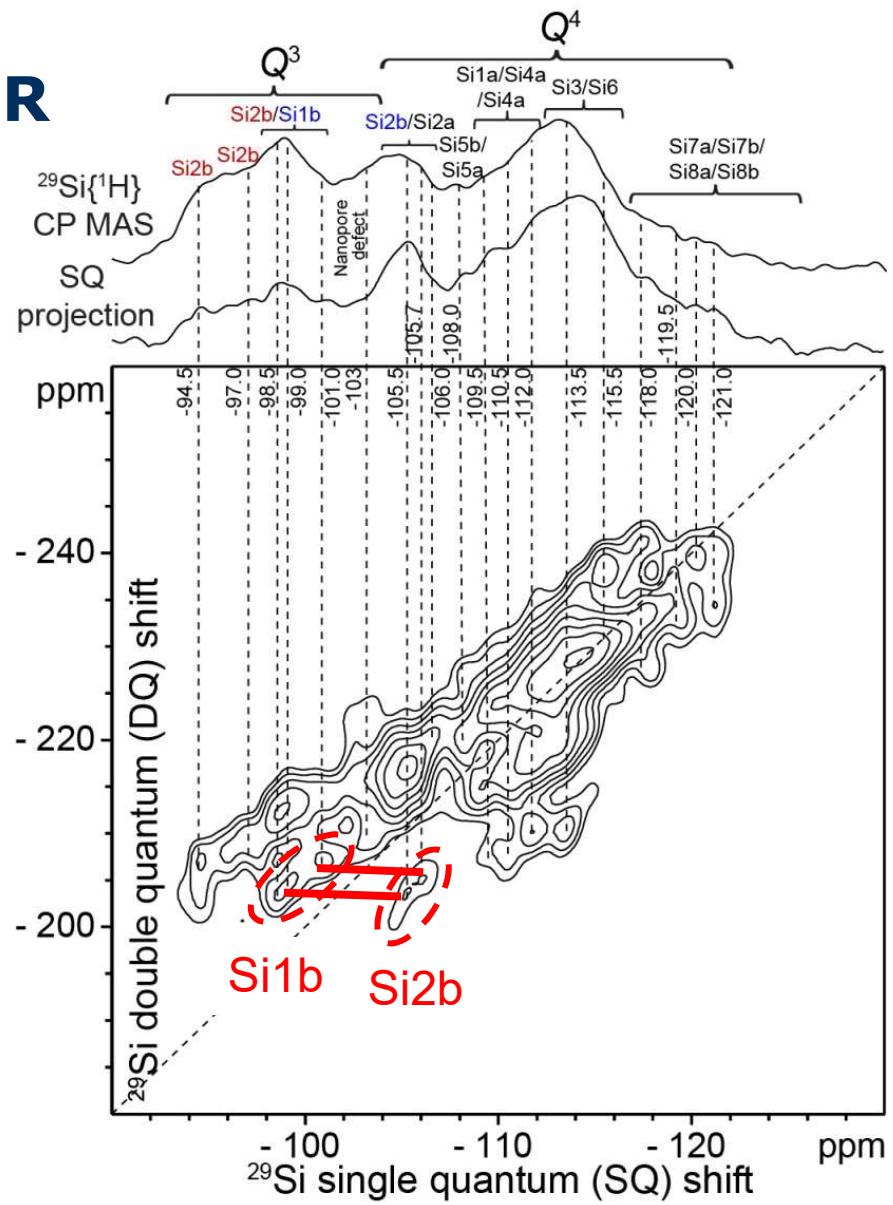
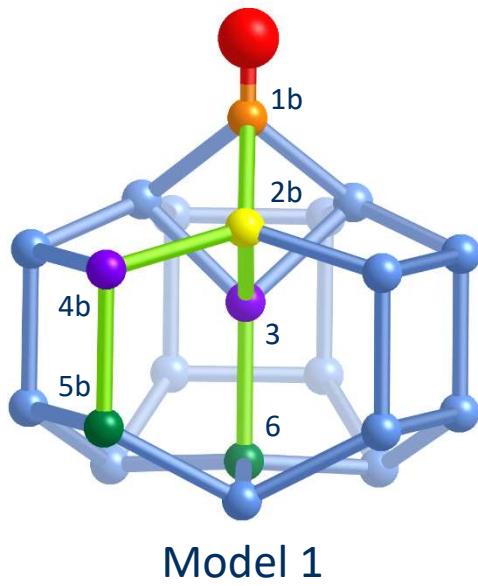
Calcined SSZ-70



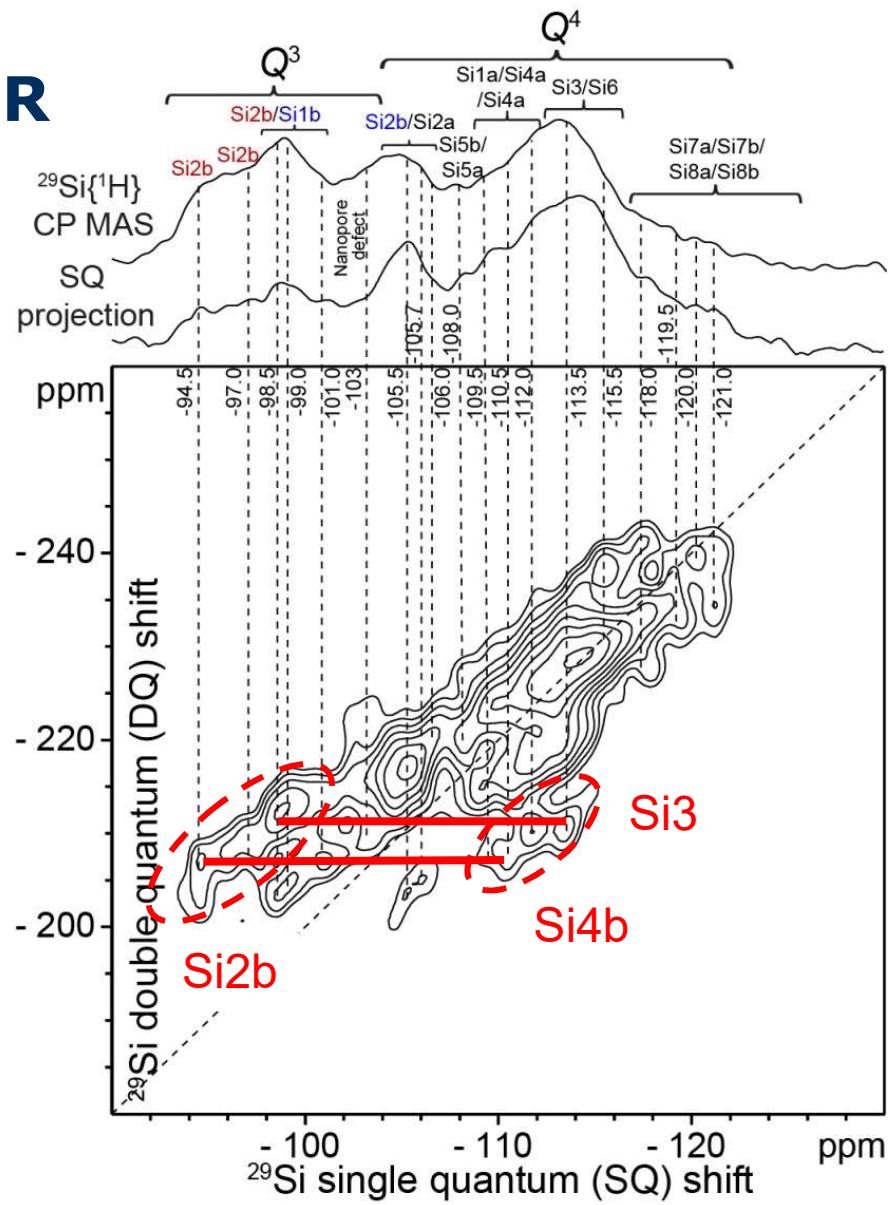
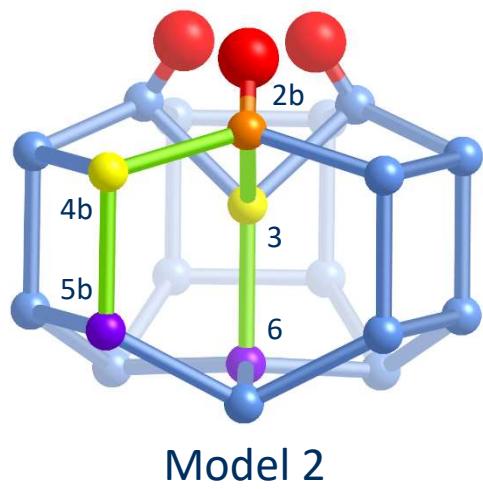
Interlayer region



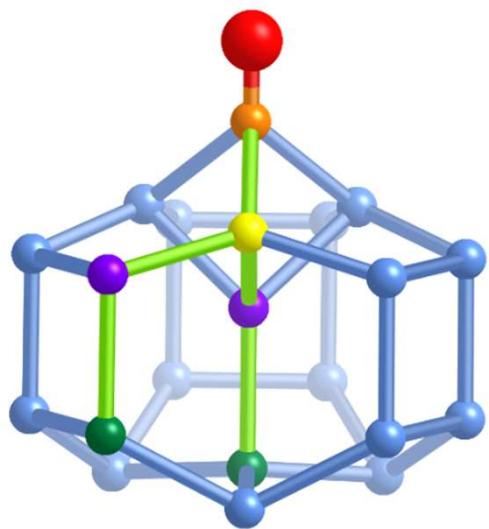
2D J -mediated DNP-enhanced $^{29}\text{Si}\{^{29}\text{Si}\}$ NMR



2D J -mediated DNP-enhanced $^{29}\text{Si}\{\text{H}\}$ NMR

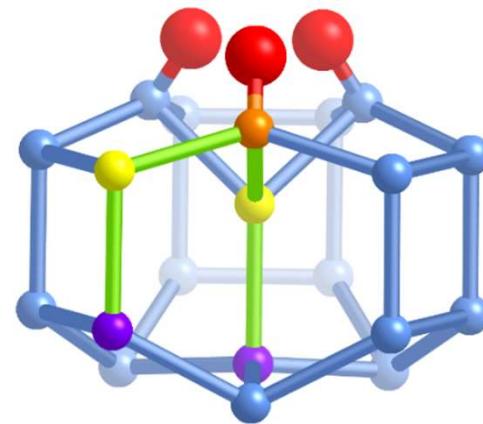


Interlayer region



Model 1

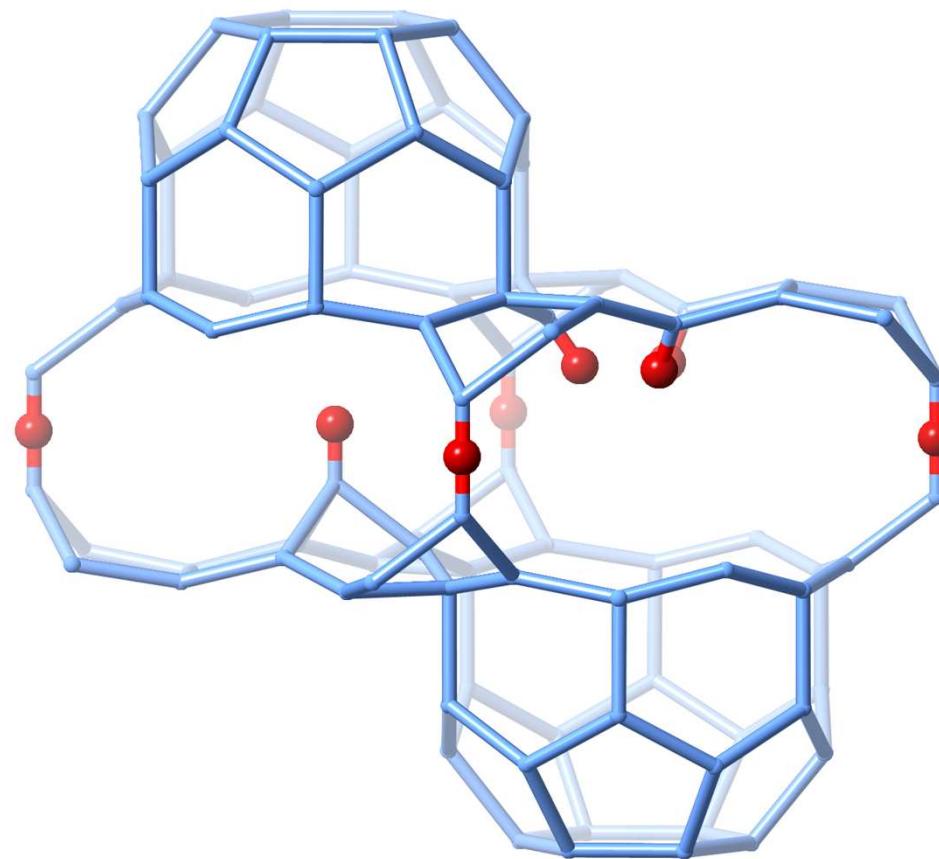
50%



Model 2

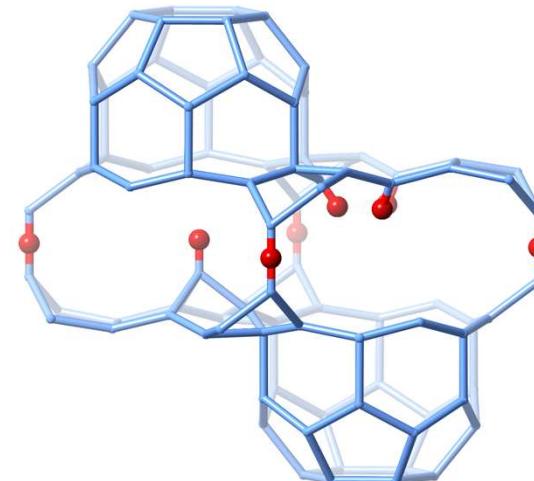
50%

Structure of SSZ-70



Summary

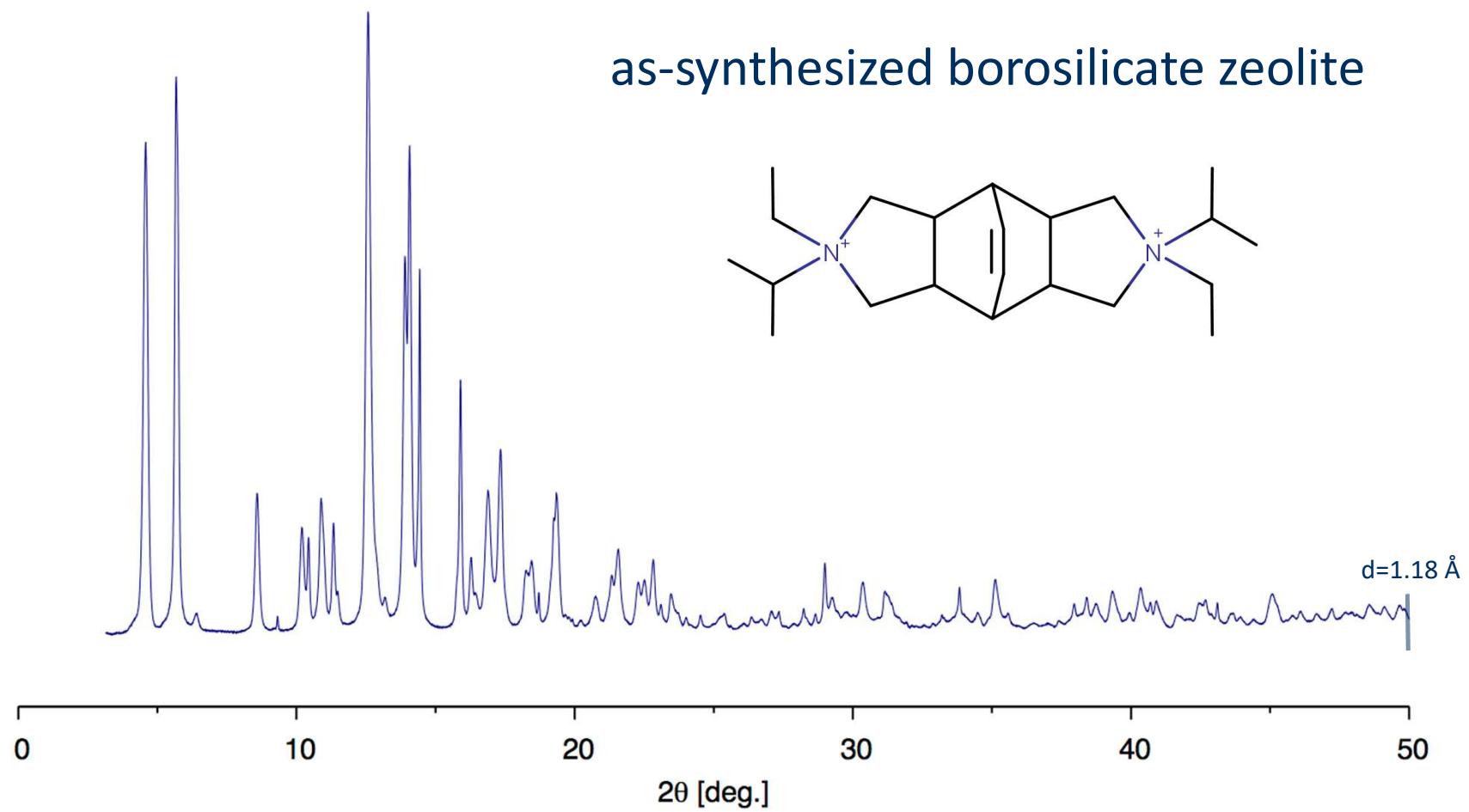
- Structure of SSZ-70 solved by combining methods
 - HRTEM → Disorder
 - XRPD → Average structure
 - NMR → Local structure
- New stacking arrangement of **MWW**-layers
- Open interlayer channel system
 - 14-ring pores ($4.0 \times 11.5 \text{ \AA}$)



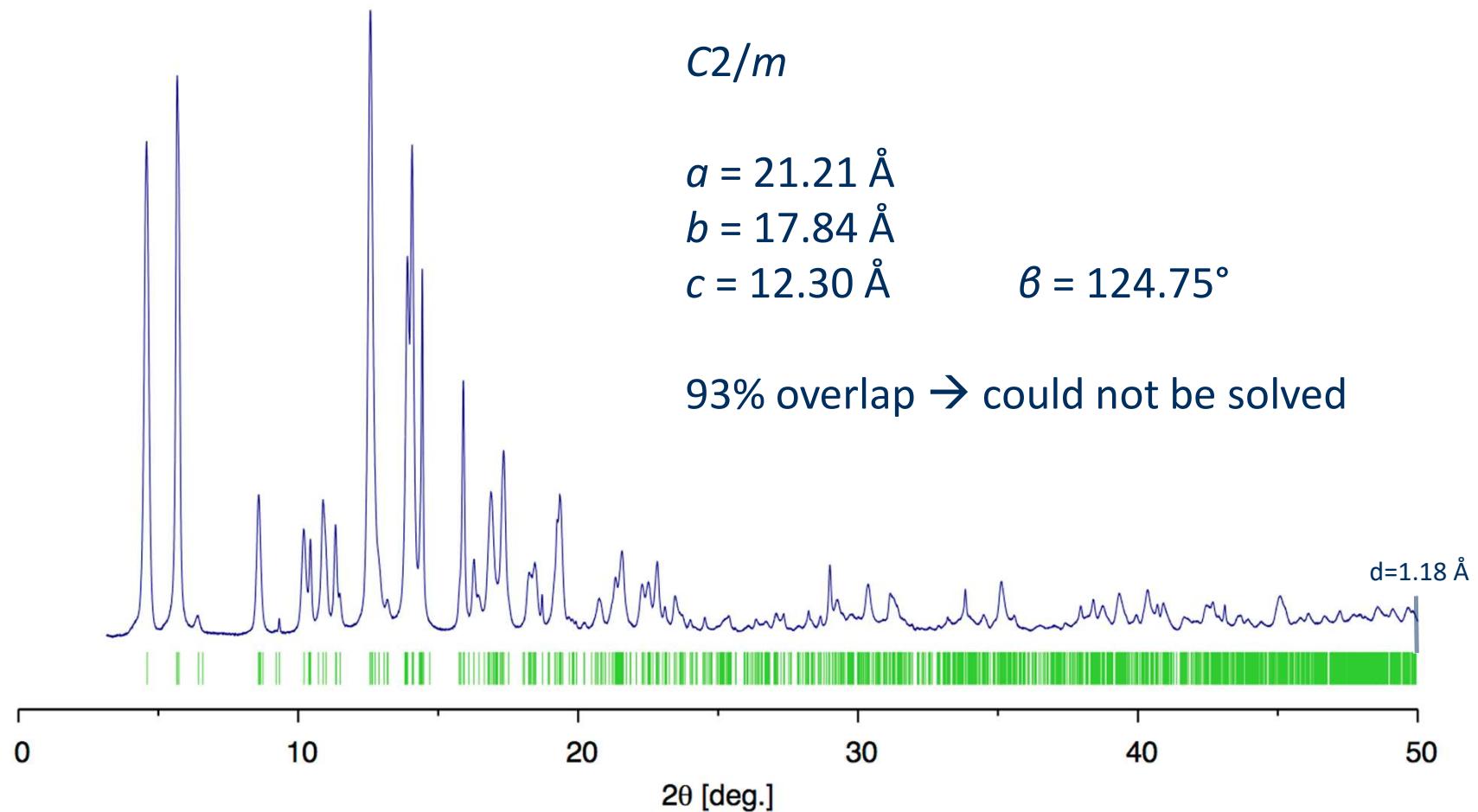
SSZ-87

S. Smeets, L. B. McCusker, C. Baerlocher, D. Xie, C.-Y. Chen, S. I. Zones,
J. Am. Chem. Soc. **137**, 2015-2020 (2015)

SSZ-87

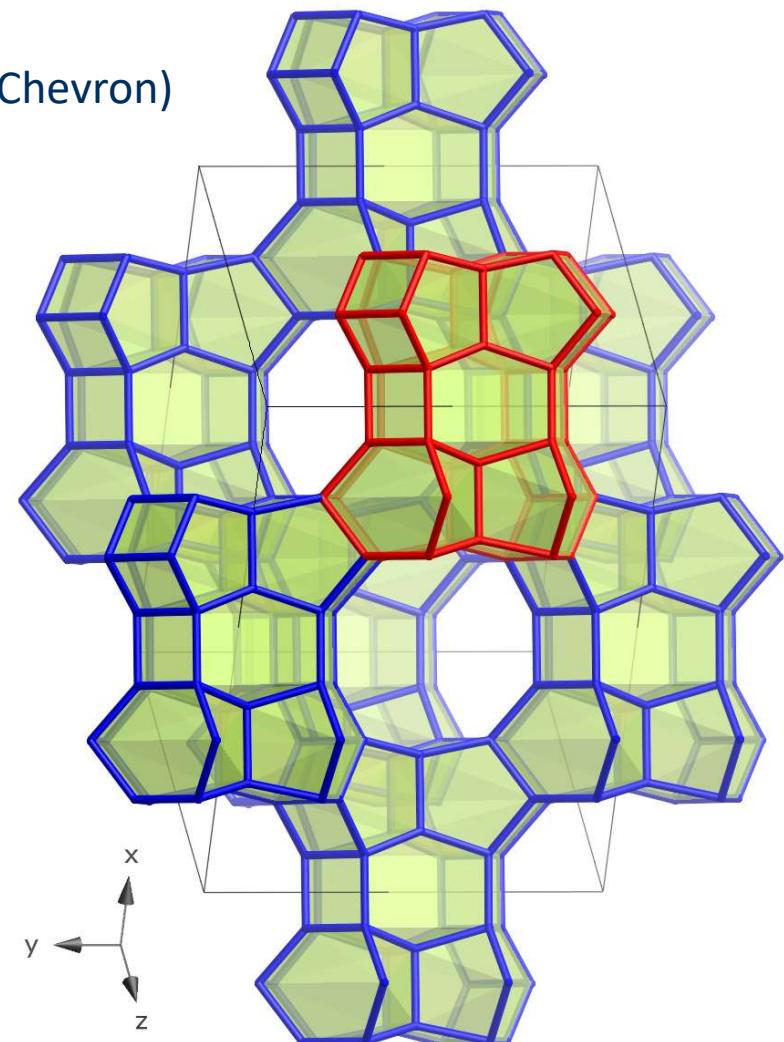
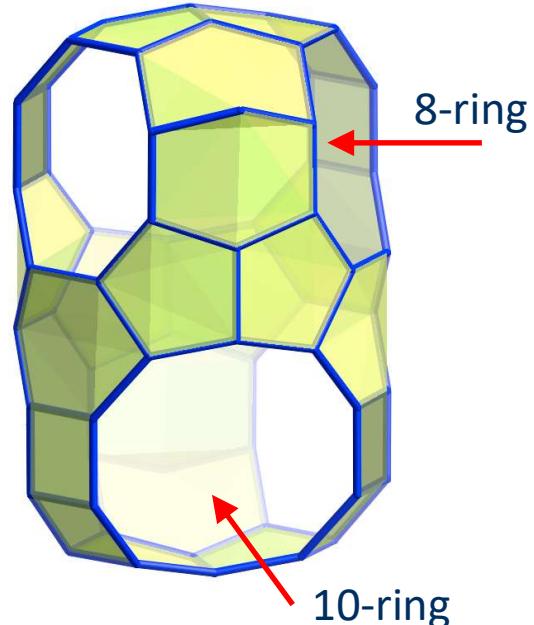


Indexing of SSZ-87

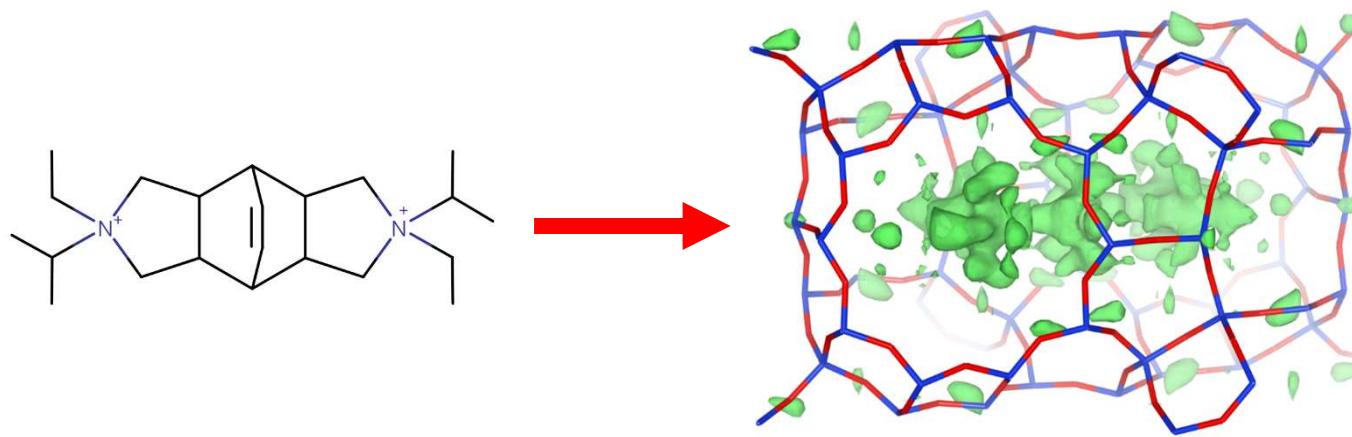


Framework structure

- Rotation electron diffraction data (Tom Rea, Chevron)
- Solved with FOCUS
- Same topology as ITQ-52 (**IFW**)
- Large cavity delimited by 14-ring
- Interconnected via 8/10-ring windows

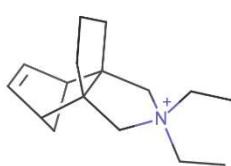


Locating the OSDA

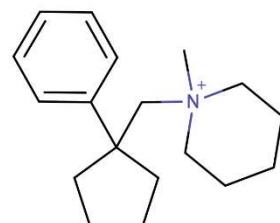


Using simulated annealing:

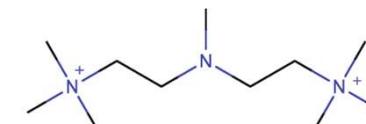
SSZ-61



SSZ-53



Ge-BEC



Increasing flexibility

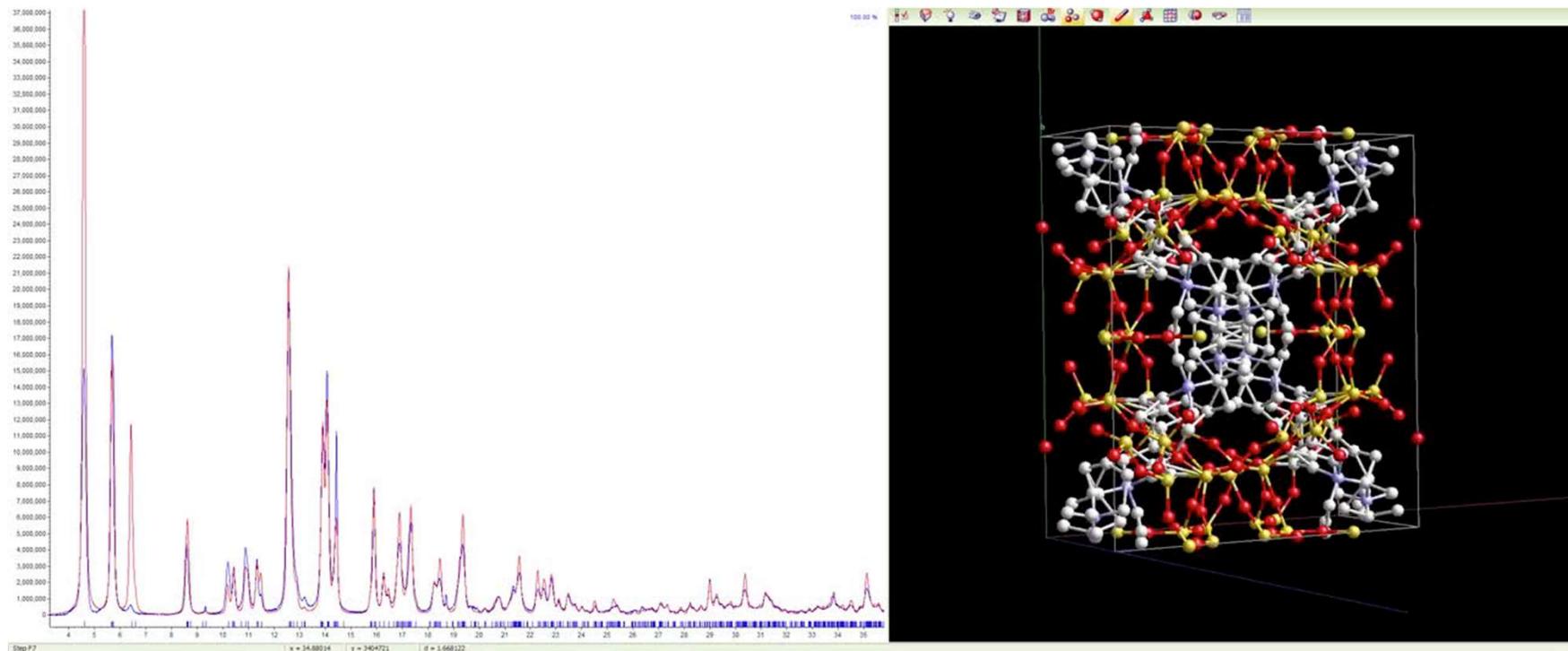
S. Smeets, L. B. McCusker, C. Baerlocher, S. Elomari, D. Xie, and S. I. Zones,
J. Am. Chem. Soc. **138**, 7099-7106 (2016)

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, 30/06/2017

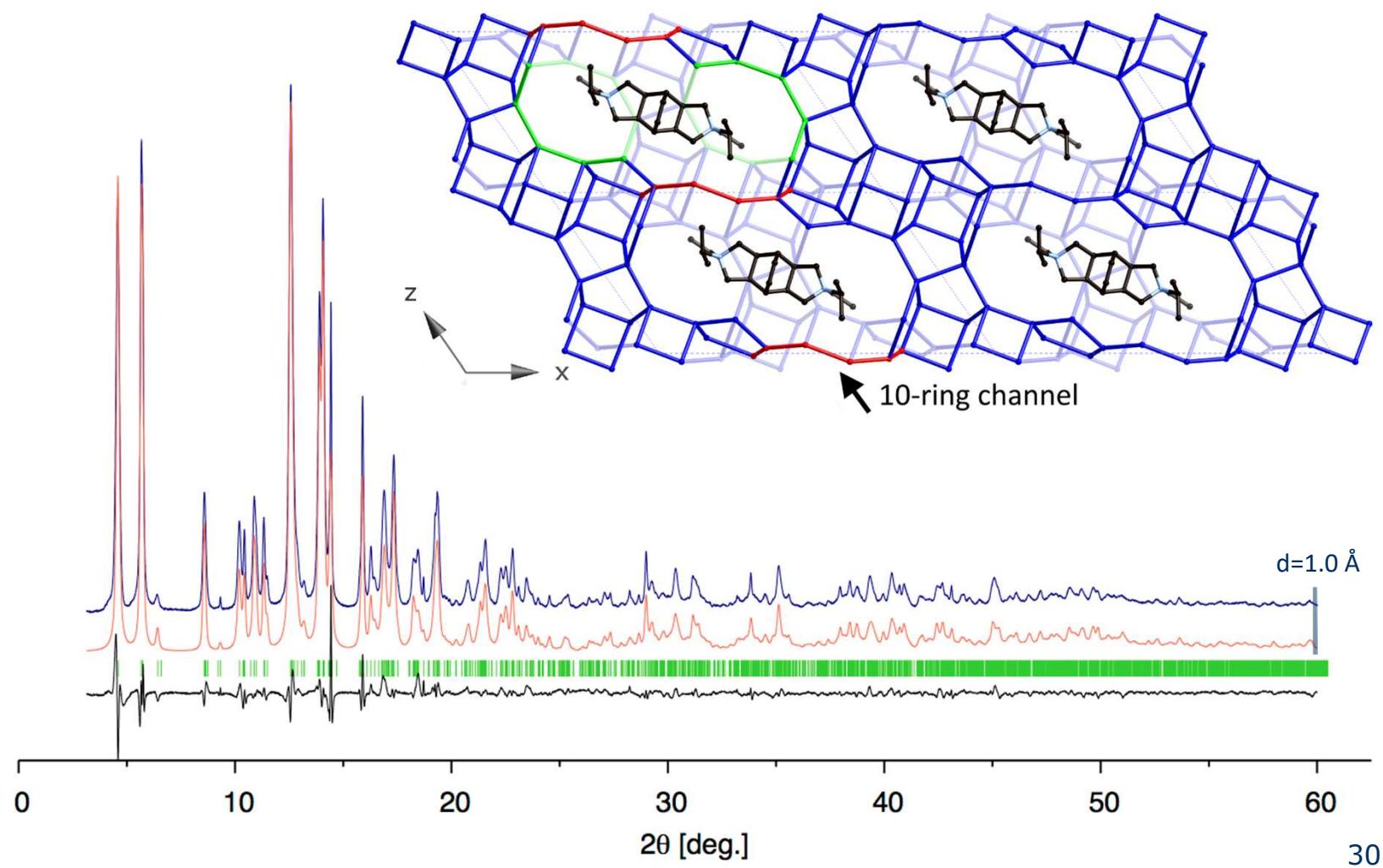
Locating the OSDA

Using simulated annealing



S. Smeets, L. B. McCusker, C. Baerlocher, S. Elomari, D. Xie, and S. I. Zones,
J. Am. Chem. Soc. **138**, 7099-7106 (2016)

Refinement of as-synthesized SSZ-87



Al insertion in borosilicates

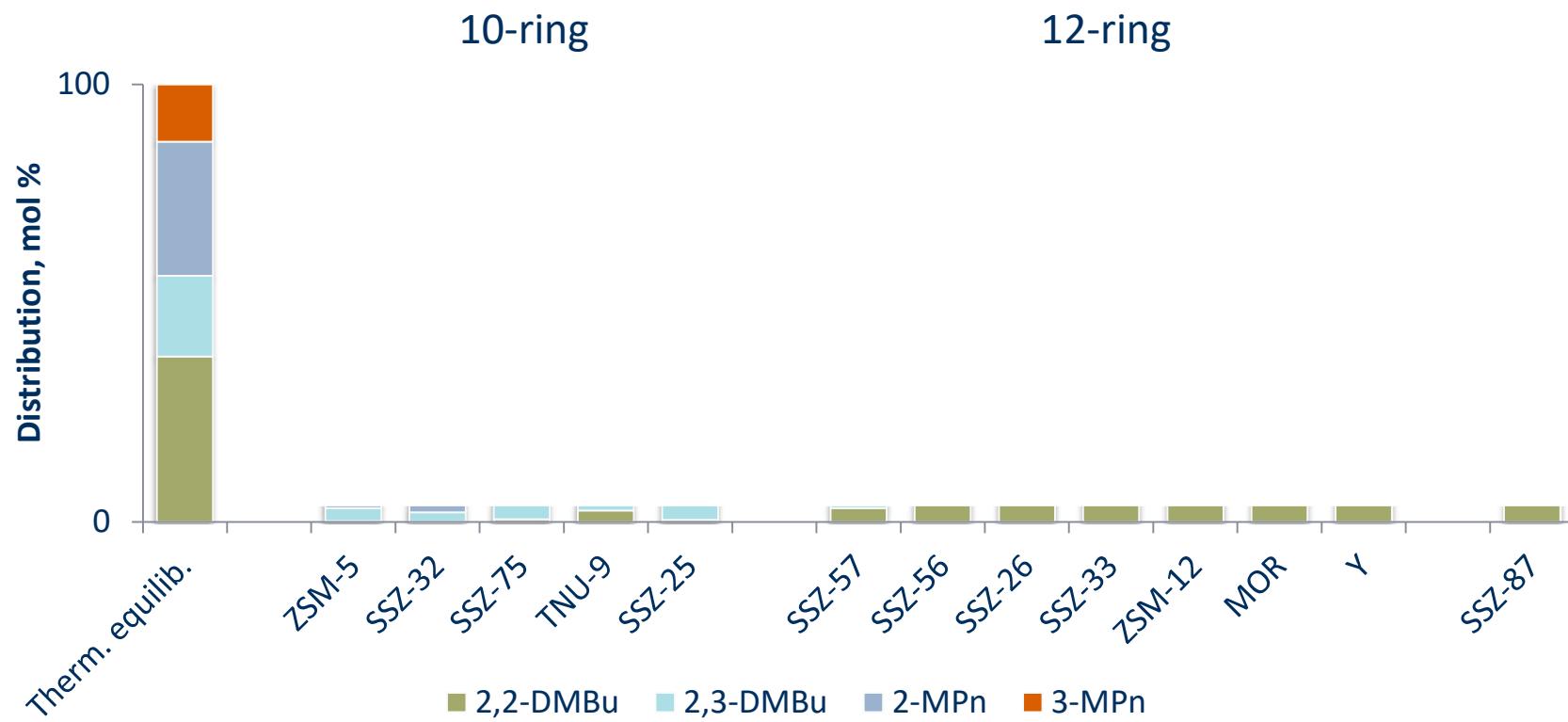
Zeolite	Channel system	Final pH	Wt% Al
		After 96h, 95°C	
ZSM-11 (MEL)	10-ring	3.00	0.01
SSZ-57 (* SFV)	10(12)-ring	2.24	0.30
SSZ-33 (CON)	12-ring	1.36	1.10
SSZ-87 (IFW)	10-ring	1.44	0.95

initial pH = 3

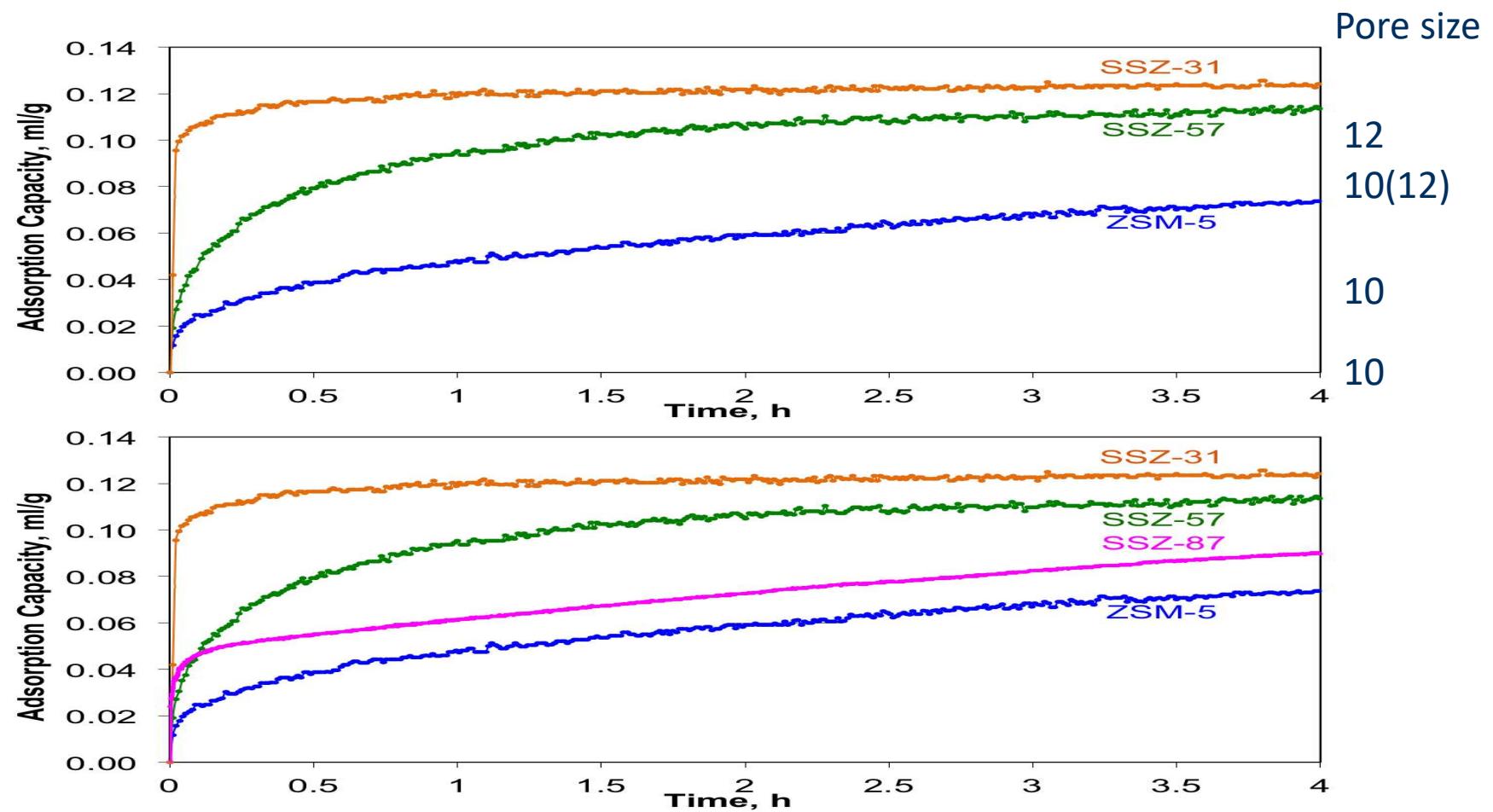
Al insertion experiments are indicative of a 12-ring zeolite!

Isomer yield experiments

Isomerisation of *n*-hexane on Pd loaded zeolites



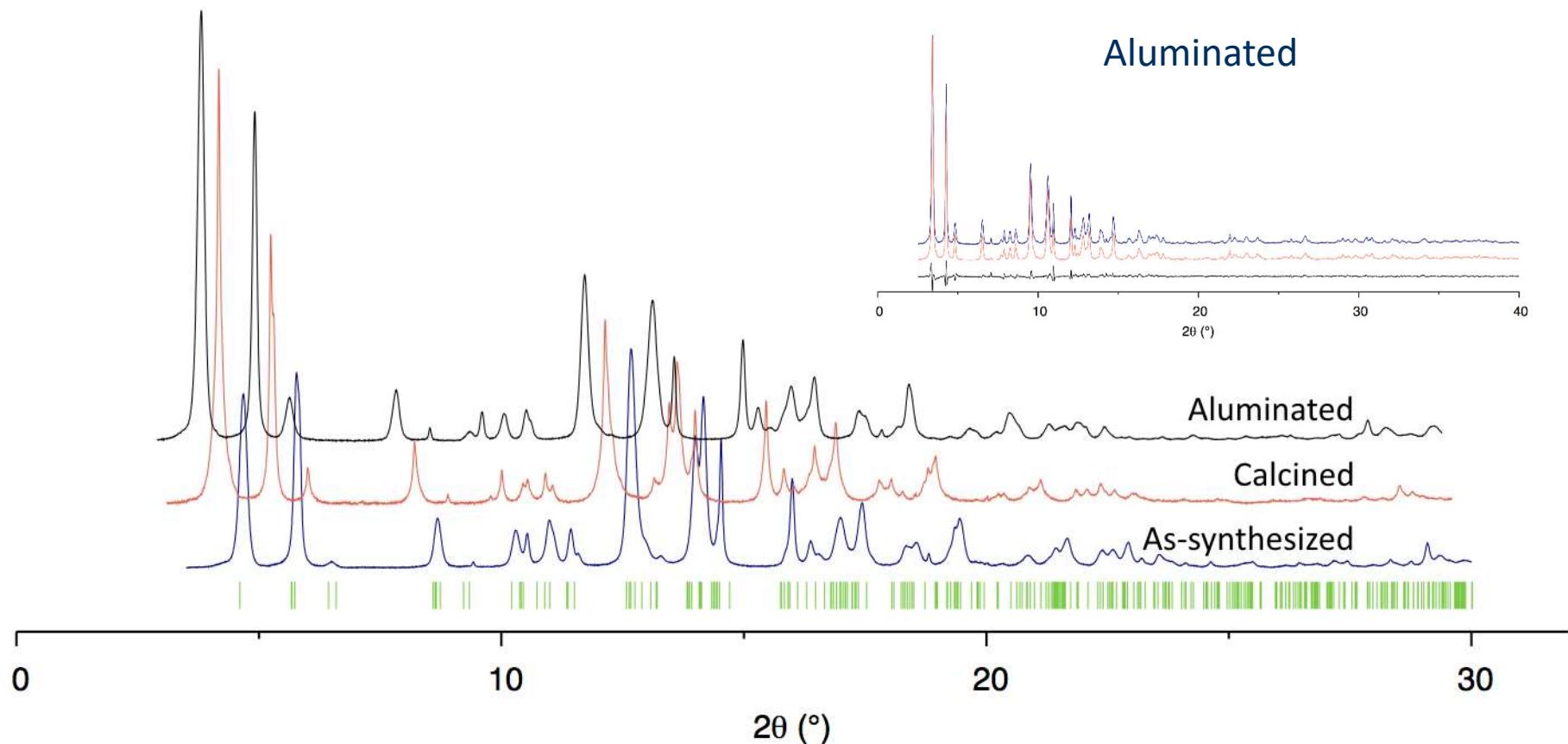
Adsorption of 2,2-DMBu



What is going on?

- SSZ-87 has characteristics of a large-pore zeolite
 - Al insertion
 - Isomerisation of *n*-hexane
 - Adsorption of 2,2-DMBu
- Structure determination revealed a medium-pore zeolite
 - 8 x 10-ring channel system

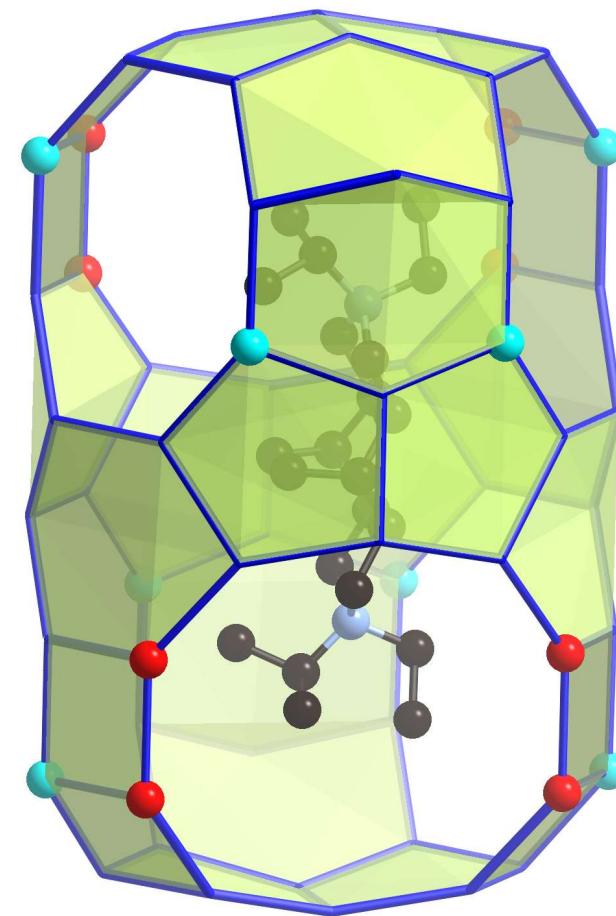
XRPD of calcined/aluminated samples



Location of B

As-synthesized

- 0.8 Si, 0.2 B
- 0.7 Si, 0.3 B



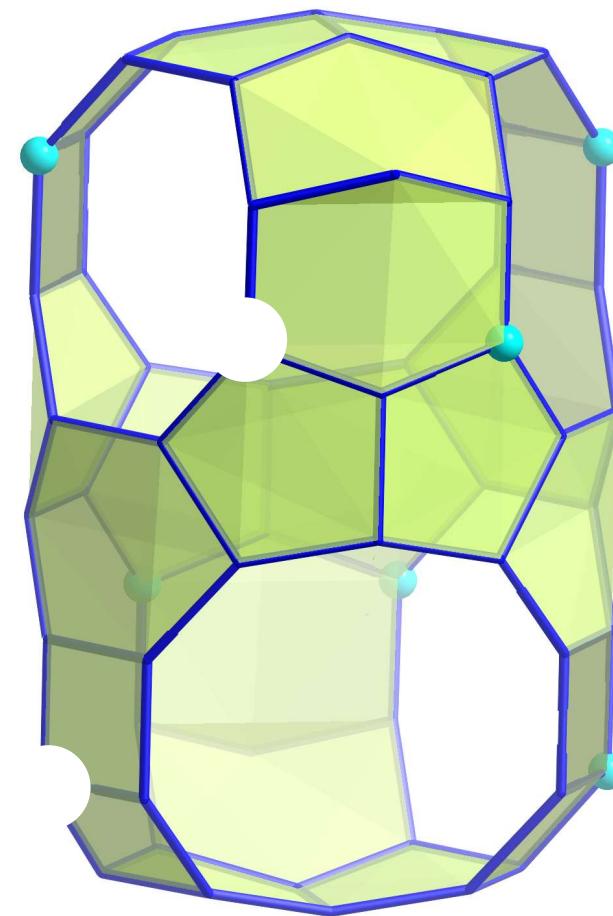
Location of B

As-synthesized

- 0.8 Si, 0.2 B
- 0.7 Si, 0.3 B

Calcined

- 1.0 Si
- 0.5 Si, 0.3 B, 0.2 □



Location of B

As-synthesized

● 0.8 Si, 0.2 B

● 0.7 Si, 0.3 B

Calcined

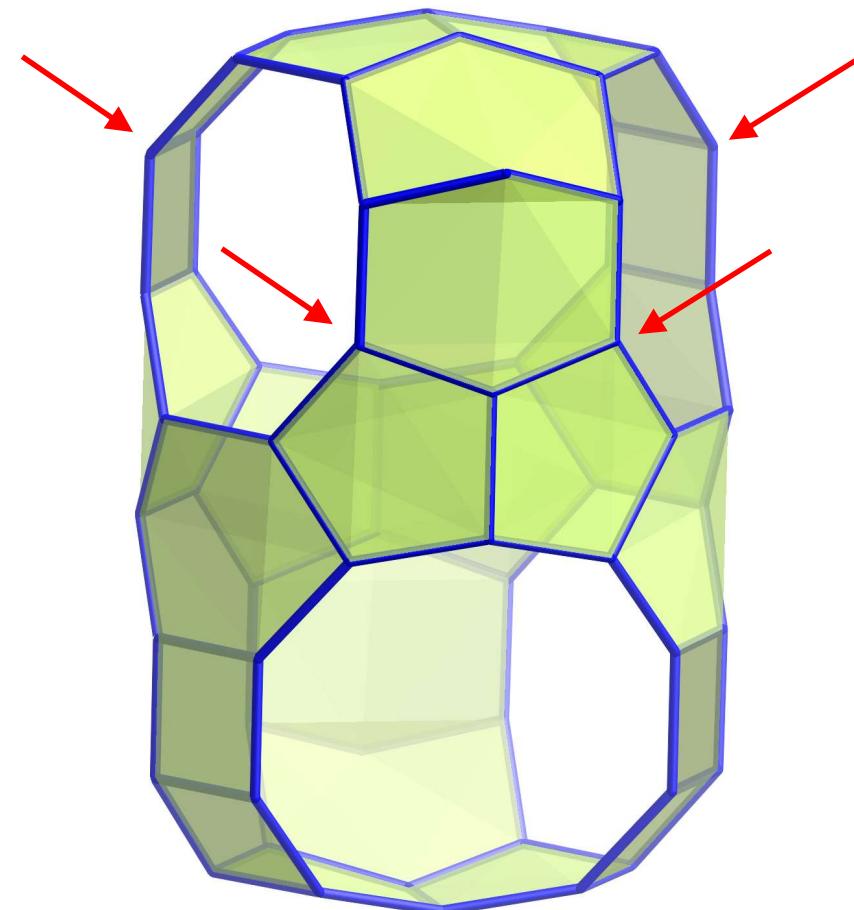
● 1.0 Si

● 0.5 Si, 0.3 B, 0.2 □

Aluminated

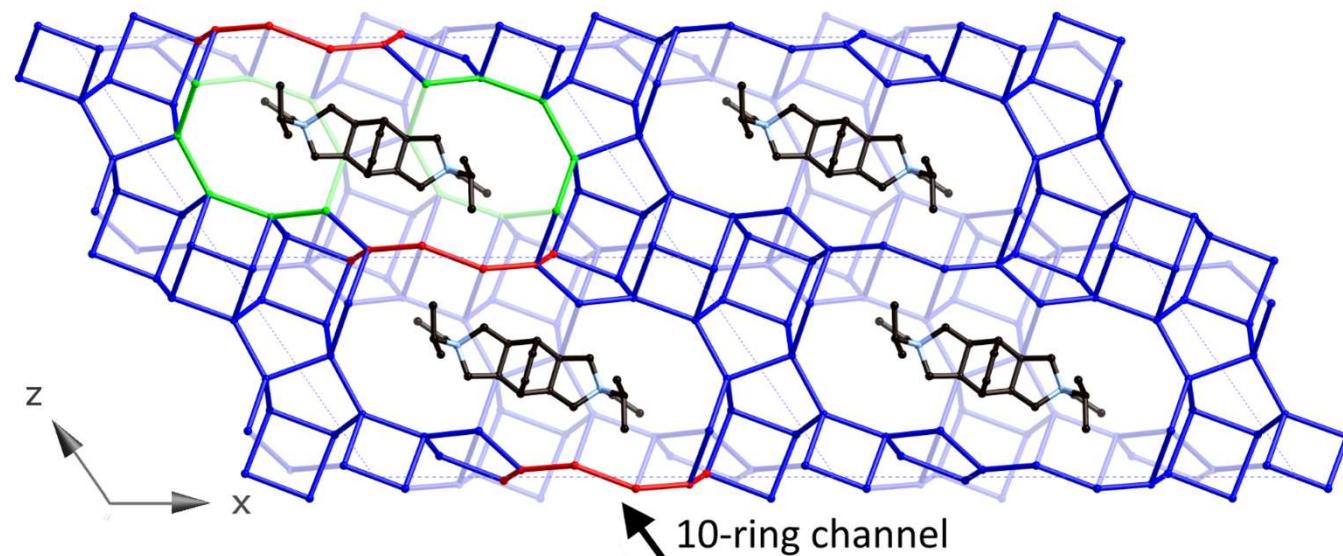
● 1.0 Al/Si

● 1.0 Al/Si



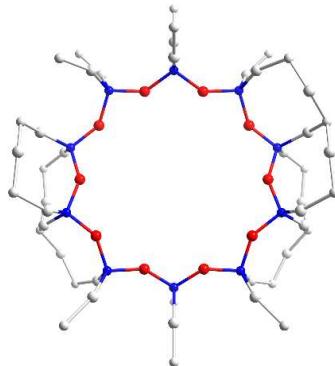
Zeolite pore openings

SSZ-87: Single 10-rings connecting large cages



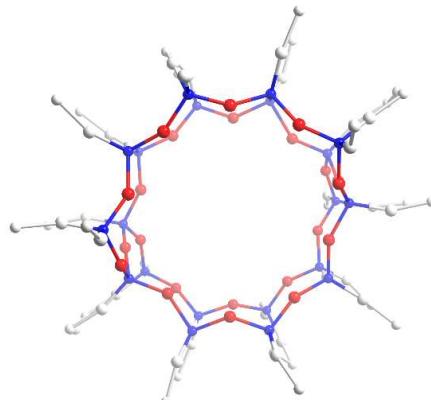
Pore comparison

SSZ-87



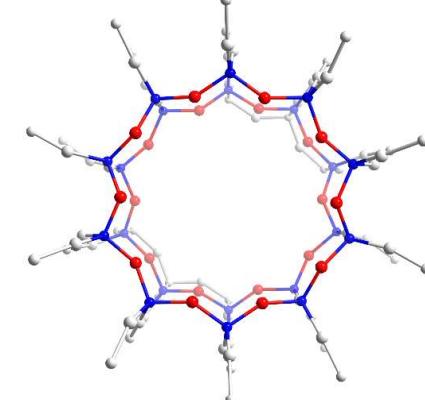
5.5×5.0

ZSM-5

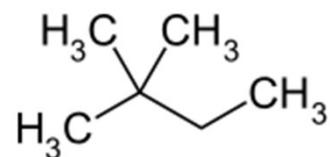


5.6×5.3

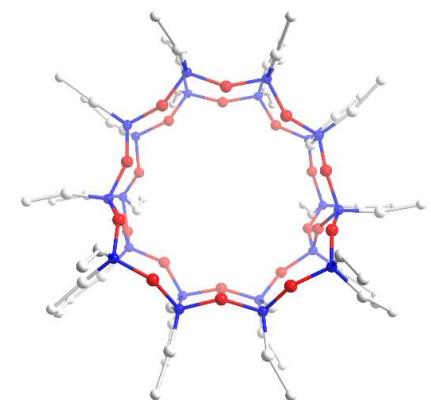
TNU-9



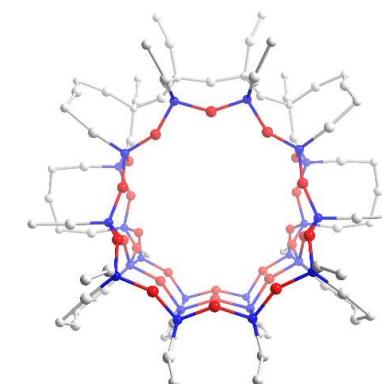
5.6×5.5



2,2-DMBu



5.5×5.1

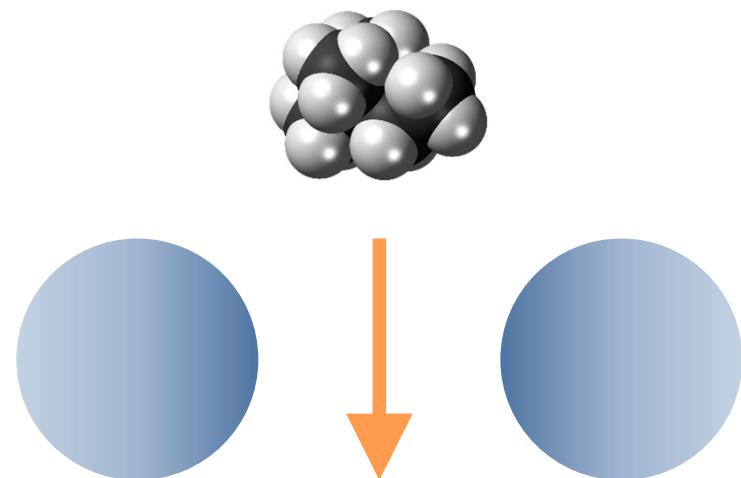


5.5×5.4

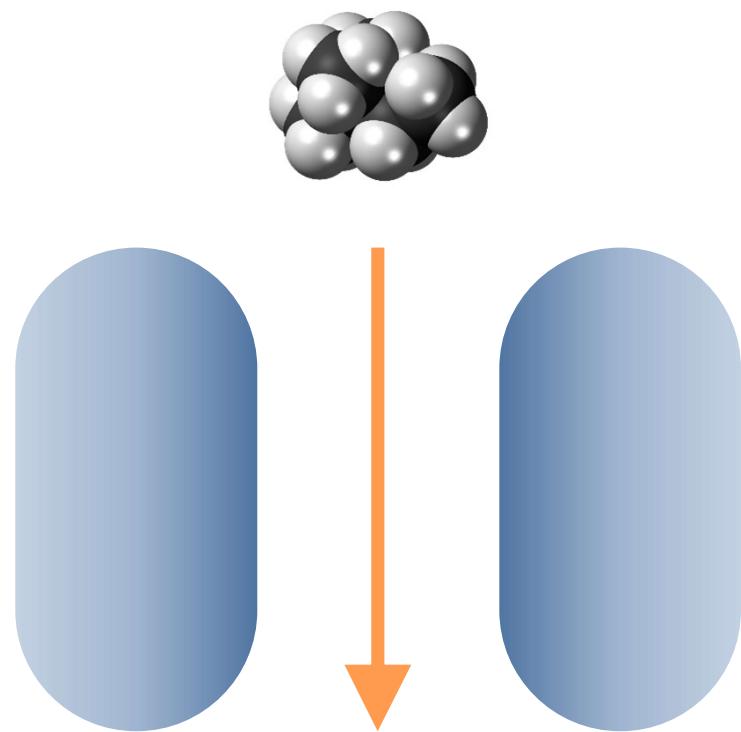
40

Pore comparison

Single 10-ring



Double 10-ring



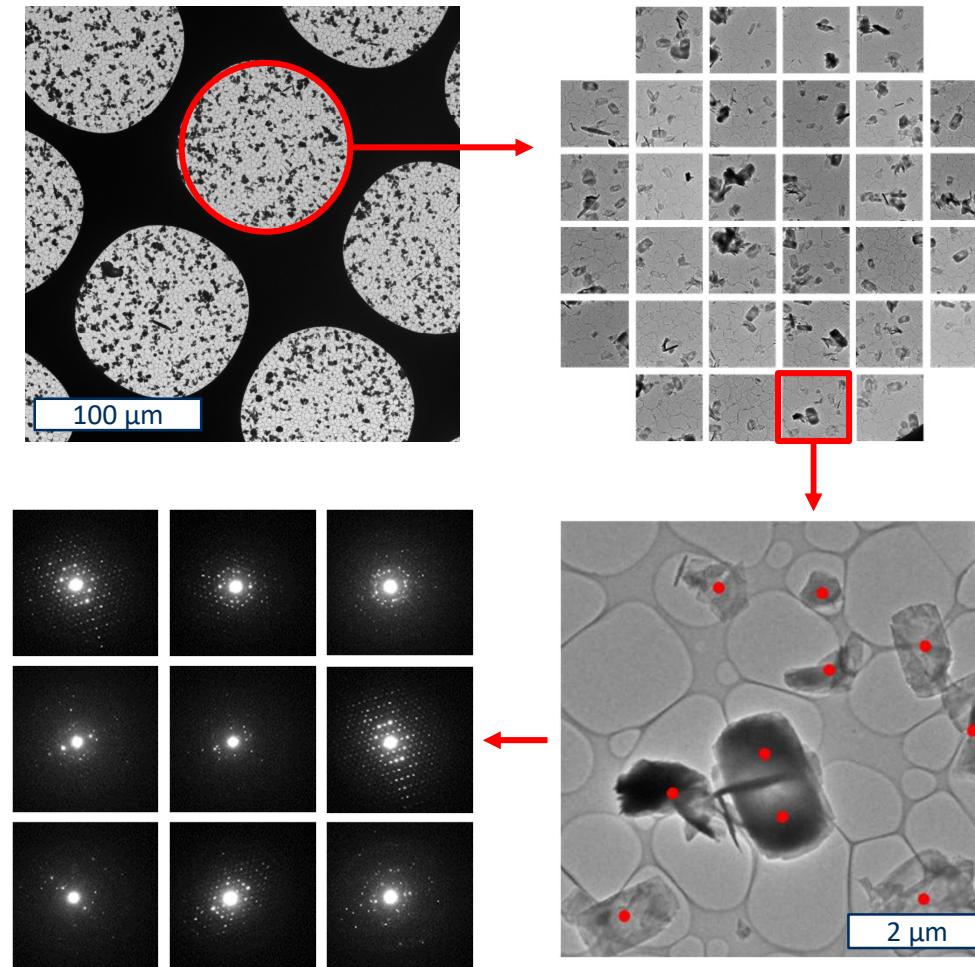
Summary

- Structure of SSZ-87 solved by combining methods:
 - RED → Framework structure
 - XRPD → Location of B / OSDA
 - NMR → Vacancy distribution
- SSZ-87 has characteristics of a large-pore zeolite
 - ✓ Al insertion
 - ✓ Isomerisation of *n*-hexane
 - ✓ Adsorption of 2,2-DMBu
- Unique characteristics inbetween a 10- and 12-ring zeolite

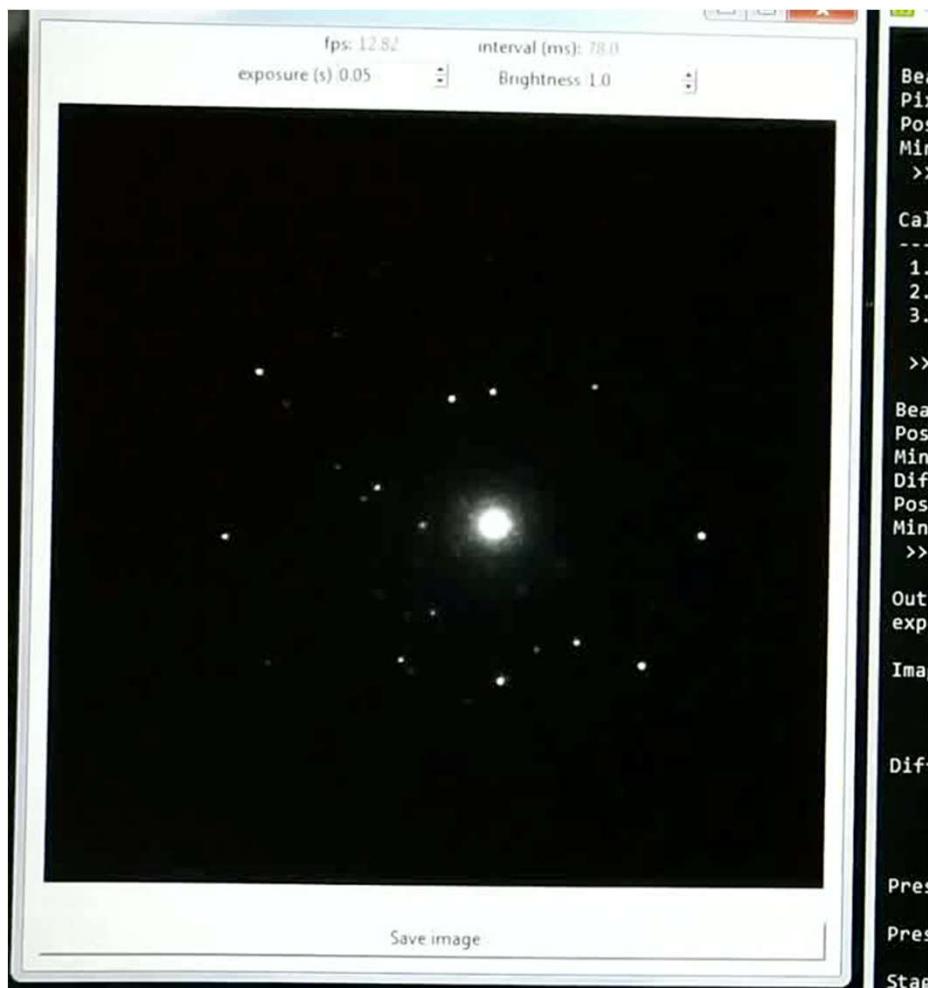
Serial electron diffraction

S. Smeets & W. Wan,
In manuscript.

Serial electron diffraction

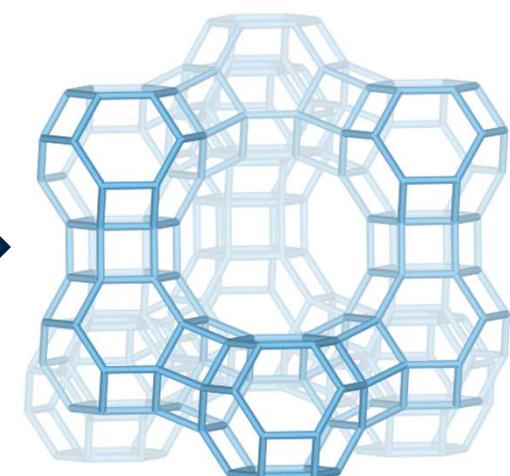
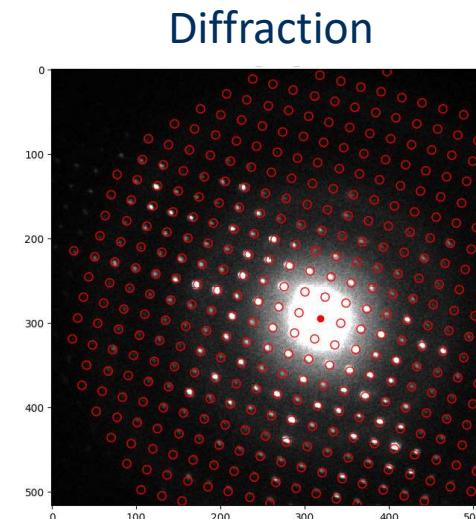
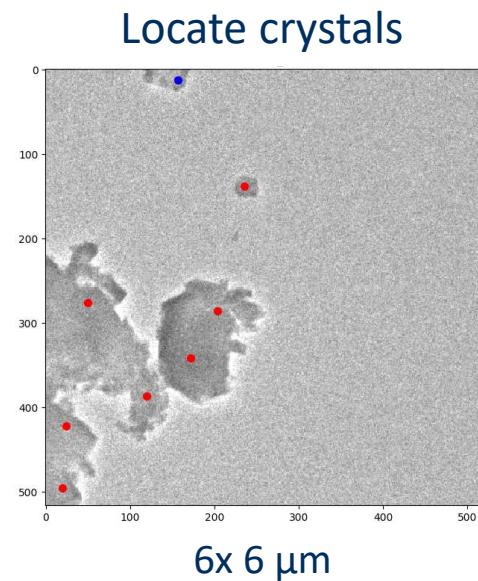
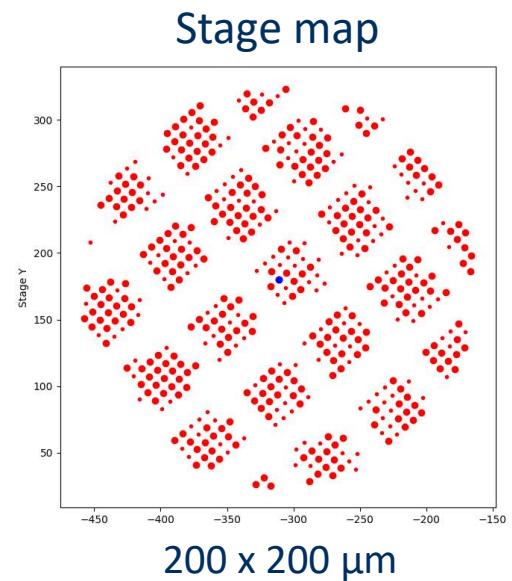


Automated data collection



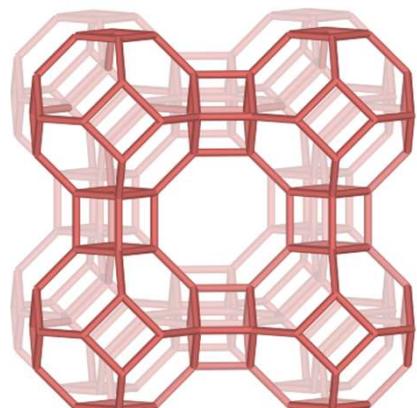
- Collect 3000 patterns/hr
- Zeolite Na-Y
(Synthesis by Yi Luo,
Stockholm Univ.)

Zeolite Na-Y

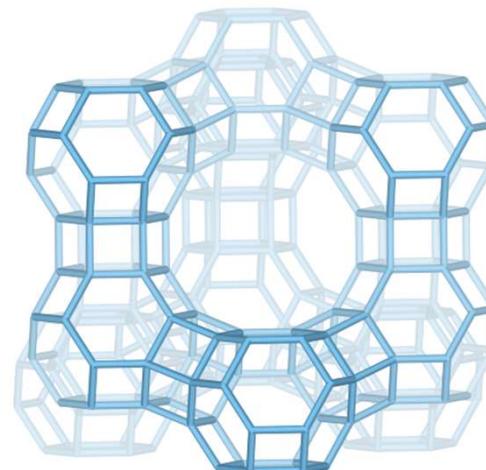


Applications

- Structure determination (of beam-sensitive materials)
- Screening
- Phase analysis
- Structures solved:



Zeolite A (**LTA**)

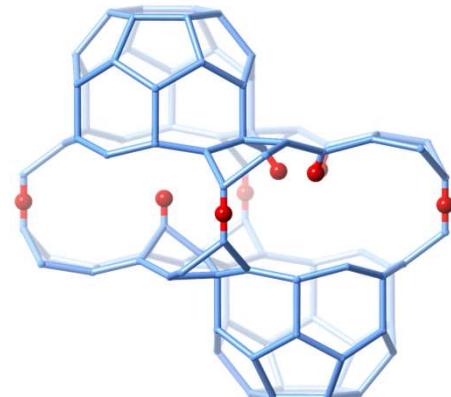


Zeolite Y (**FAU**)

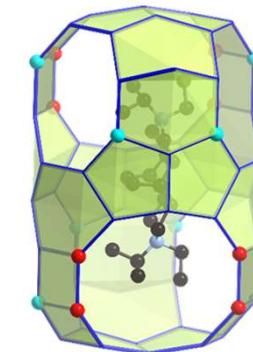
Conclusions

- Any one method does not contain all information
- Rely on XRPD for structure confirmation
- Borrow from other methods to supplement XRPD

- Serial electron diffraction will offer new possibilities for structure analysis



SSZ-70



SSZ-87